EFFECTIVE FROM
ACADEMIC SESSION
2023-24 for U.T of J&K
and U.T of Ladakh

SYLLABI & COURSES OF STUDY FOR CLASS X





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CONCESSION FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

The Jammu and Kashmir Board of School Education vide notification No. F(Acad. C) Disabled/C/06, dated:- 03-07-2006 and F (Acad-C)CWSN/ Exam/ B/22, dated:- 25-04-2022 provides following concessions to Children With Special Needs. For further details, refer to our notification:-

- 1. Students with 40% disability, as defined in The Rights of Persons with Disabilities (RPWD) Act, 2016 of permanent nature shall have to secure only 28% marks instead of 33%. This is applicable to both theory and practicals.
 - 2. No examination fee shall be charged to children with special needs as defined in The **Rights of Person with Disabilities (RPWD)** Act, 2016 in case wherein the disability is 40% or more, of permanent nature.

Note:- Children With Special Needs shall have to produce disability certificate from District Medical Board (Competent Authority appointed by the Directorate of Health Services Kashmir/Jammu/Ladakh or documentary proof such as Unique Disability Identity (UDID) Card issued by Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India.

The Disability Certificate is to be attached with the Admission cum Permission form.



Every candidate shall be required to take up all the compulsory five subjects to pass/ qualify Class X from the course listed below.

(A) Compulsory Subjects:

- General English
- > Urdu or Hindi
- > Mathematics
- > Social Science (History, Political Science, Geography, Economics, Disaster Management and Road Safety Education)
- ➤ **Science** (Physics, Chemistry, Biology)

In addition, Student can also opt one Additional/ Optional language subject from the following:

(B) Additional / Optional language Subjects:

1. Urdu

2. Kashmiri

3. Arabic

4. Persian

5. Hindi

- 6. Dogri
- 7. Sanskrit
- 8. Bhoti
- 9. Punjabi

Note: No repetition of compulsory language/ subject is allowed while opting for Additional/ Optional language/ subject.

Student can opt one additional/ optional subject from the following:

(C) Additional/ Optional Subjects

- Vocational Subjects
- ➤ Computer Science (Non- Vocational)

(D) Activity Related Areas:

- ➤ Work Experience
- ➤ Health and Physical Education
- > Art Education

(E) Choice of Subjects for Children with Special Needs (CWSN):

Apart from General English as Compulsory Subject, CWSN can opt for Alternative Courses from the list given below

- Painting
- > Music
- Art and Drawing
- ➤ Home Science
- **Computer Science**

Note: The CWSN candidate can opt either for Painting or Art and Drawing subject.

Structure of Scheme of Assessment

The Assessment scheme for all the compulsory/main subjects carrying 100 Marks shall have an 80 marks component for Board Examination as per the assessment scheme and a 20 marks component for Internal Assessment.

Assessment Structure for Internal Assessment of 20 marks

Learner assessment is a continuous process and an integral part of teaching learning. The purpose of internal assessment is to improve the learning levels of the children and decrease the examination fear that haunts a good number of children, if not completely defeated. The Assessment should be competency-based, which promotes learning and produce holistic development of students, and tests higher-order skills, such as inference and interpretation analysis, critical thinking, and conceptual clarity.

Teachers must assess learners at each stage of the learning process which will help them to focus on individual needs of learners for better performance. In order to empower schools and the teachers by providing some kind of autonomy in the assessment process, JKBOSE has decided to give internal weightage of 20 Marks for all the main compulsory subjects offered at Secondary Level. The locus is school and focus shall be teaching-learning. The school-based assessment will play the dual role of providing a complete picture of students' abilities or progress towards fulfilling the aims of education and informing the teachers of student's progress and therefore supporting classroom learning. It shall also inform the learners about their progress over a period of time enabling them to develop strategies to improve learning.

The teachers should use different assessment strategies that connect teaching, learning and assessment to real life situation to assess and provide feedback on activities, surveys, demonstrations, role plays, project works, assignments, presentations, innovations etc. in such a way that the learner doesn't feel that his/ her performance is being evaluated.

In order to carry the said assessment in effective and desired manner, the following scheme for the same shall be followed:

Internal assessment shall carry 20 marks comprising the following parts:

- 1. Periodic Assessment
- 2. Portfolio
- 3. Subject Enrichment Activity

1) Periodic Assessment

The periodic assessment shall carry 10 marks.

These 10 marks shall further be divided into two parts

- (I) Pen and Paper Assessment
- (II) Multiple Assessment



(I) Pen and Paper Assessment

(5 Marks)

This involves the pen & paper class evaluation. The exam shall be taken by the concerned subject teacher of the concerned subject during class room transaction. The questions should be mainly short answer type.

The student shall maintain separate test notebooks, which shall be kept as a record in the school after they are shown to the students and parents for transparency.

The teachers should mark the test copies and declare the result not later than 4 days from the test. It will be the Head's/ Teachers duty to supervise and keep the records.

The result should be communicated to the students and parents through a report card (School Based Evaluation Card). The schools shall be closely monitored with regard to school based assessment. The tests may cover the topics covered in each subject during the period in question as per the unit-wise division of syllabus.

[Note: Average of the tests would be taken and reduced to the weightage of only 5 marks for final submission of marks).

(II) Multiple Assessments

(5 Marks)

Multiple assessments approach relevant to particular learning results are advised throughout the curriculum transaction. The teacher can make use of Quizzes, Oral Tests, Class discussions, Field-work, Visual Representation, Concept Maps, Exit Cards, and Visual Expression etc.

2. PORTFOLIO (5 Marks)

The portfolio is proposed to broaden the scope of learning and achieve learning outcomes by examining a range of children's performances and abilities. Its use is being recommended as a support to the new instructional approaches that emphasize student's role in constructing knowledge and understanding.

A portfolio is generally a collection of purposely chosen student's work showing a range of performances that are collected over time and that represents the learner's efforts, progress, growth and accomplishment in key areas learning outcomes.

Suggested elements to judge student's portfolio

Organisation - Neatness and Visual Appeal

Completion of guided work focussed on specific curricular objectives

Evidence of student's growth

Inclusion of all relevant work (Completeness)



Suggestive format for Portfolio

| | Tools | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------|----------|-----|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| S.No. | | Apr | May | Jun | July | Aug | Sept | Oct. | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar |
| | | A*/B*/C* | | A/B/C | | A/B/C | | A/B/C | | | | | |
| 1 | Worksheets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Essays | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Projects | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Models | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Map work | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Observation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Pictures | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Experiences | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Anecdotal records | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*A, *B, *C depicts grades

Note: Portfolios should be developed in an easy way. They should be meaningful, though, simple and easily accessible and should not be a burden on students- both in terms of cost and time.

3. SUBJECT ENRICHMENT

(5 Marks)

The Subject Enrichment Activities must be conducted with rigor and focus on the below suggested as follows:

- Languages provide ample space and autonomy to subject teachers to develop relevant listening and speaking skills. Teachers need to use this opportunity to full advantage and use excerpts from relevant suitable literature to develop vocabulary and heighten students' awareness and sensitivity.
- The specified activities in practical work in Science and Mathematics need to be conducted in the investigatory spirit incongruence to the spirit of the subject. The focus must shift from confirmatory nature of lab experiments to explorations that focus on the development of science processes.
- > Students need to be encouraged to raise questions, generate hypotheses, experiment, innovate and find solutions to questions/problems encountered.
- The discipline of Social Science puts the responsibility on concerned teachers to help students to design and execute related projects, relevant to the social context, and development of Life Skills.

GRADING IN INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

The Internal Assessment will have the following three grading scale

| MARKS RANGE | GRADE |
|-------------|----------------|
| 14-20 | A |
| 7-13 | В |
| Below 7 | C (To improve) |

Note:

The concerned head of the Institution / subject teacher shall ensure to maintain the complete record of the internal parameter-wise components of all the students individually for any future clarifications.



ENGLISH

Objectives of Teaching English at the Secondary Level

Students are expected to

- listen to English with proper attention and understanding
- listen to announcements, instructions, read-aloud texts, audio, videos for information, gist and details, and respond to questions accordingly
- speak simple English correctly
- speak on contemporary issues like social justice, environment, gender, etc.
- read English texts and comprehend them
- read stories and literary texts, both fiction and non-fiction, with understanding for pleasure and enjoyment and discuss them
- understand and respond appropriately to what they hear, read and experience
- use subject, or contexts, and content related vocabulary to express their understanding of the texts and tasks.
- interpret different texts including poems, prose, short stories, newspapers, news reports, essays, etc.
- develop an awareness of the nature of language and language-learning skills along with a more general application (e.g., interfacing, analysing, synthesising material)
- enjoy and appreciate variety of language
- appreciate different shades of literary nuances and devices such as onomatopoeic sounds, symbols, similes, metaphors, alliteration, imagery, personification, allusions and the writer's point of view
- write simple and short paragraphs, narratives, etc. by planning revising, editing, rewriting and finalizing
- write reports of functions related to school, family and community
- write personal, official and business letters, articles, debates, paragraphs based on visual or verbal clues, textual inputs, etc.
- evaluate and analyze content in print form such as texts, newspapers, magazines, blogs, etc.
- promote core values such as tolerance, appreciation of diversity and civic responsibility through debate, discussion, etc.
- refer to dictionary, thesaurus, periodicals, and books for understanding and writing purposes and uses themin speech writing
- form a sound base for the skills required to communicate in English
- develop ability to use English effectively for practical communication in a variety of second language situations



- Listening
- Speaking
- Reading
- Writing

Listening

While listening students should be able to

- comprehend discourse such as lectures, conversations, interviews, and discussions
- make notes and use them in answering questions about the passage
- distinguish relevant from irrelevant information
- identify the topic and the main idea in it
- comprehend relationships between ideas
- make inferences about spoken discourse

Speaking

Speaking should enable students to

- produce appropriate vocabulary
- day-to-day conversation in English
- produce accurate grammatical forms
- give an oral presentation in class using effective delivery strategies.
- present facts, ideas or opinions in an orderly sequence.
- make relevant comments on what is heard, seen or read
- describe experience in simple and express intelligibly what is thought or imagined
- respond appropriately in a particular situation.
- speak audibly with appropriate tone, intonation and pace
- develop adequate speaking skills to communicate effectively to get engaged in meaningful conversations

Reading / Writing: Only a few tasks shall be set to test the reading skill. The skills of reading and writing shall be tested in an integrated manner to reflect the way in which language is actually used. This is to allow writing tasks to be stimulated by authentic reading texts rather than seeing the two activities as diverse elements. However, a few tasks may be set to test the reading skill exclusively.

Reading

Reading should enable students to

- scan for and extract specific information from different texts (at least from the prescribed textbooks)
- organise the relevant information and present it in a logical manner/given format
- identify the main idea(s) in the text
- identify specific details
- discern main idea(s) from given information



- distinguish fact from opinion
- draw inferences based on information in the text
- decode meanings of words in context
- understand meanings of unfamiliar words
- identify author's purpose and tone

Writing

The skill of writing should enable students to

- write in a simple way
- learn to use words economically
- write sentences with simplicity and clarity
- organise ideas and write short and coherent paragraphs
- write texts, such as writing an essay, short letters, outline of short stories, paragraphs, reports, articles, speech, etc.
- paraphrase and summarise in an appropriate form in response to a written- stimulus
- use words in their proper contexts
- use appropriate vocabulary
- use a variety of accurate sentence structures;
- use accurate grammatical structures

Assessment in Listening and Speaking SkillsGuidelines for

Internal Assessment 20 Marks

Apart from the prescribed textbook, the subject teachers can plan their own activities and create their own material for assessing the listening and speaking skills.

- Language learning projects / activities should not be confined to classroom teaching only but should enable the students to engage with real life situations. The format and the variety of activities should be extensive.
- The internal assessment based on different activities should be evaluated by the teacher throughout the academic session. It may be preserved for three months after the declaration of results for checking by the Board

Suggested Activities

The suggested activities aim to improve the communication skills and personality of the students. These should be followed by individual, peer and group talk.



- Screening of relevant and age appropriate audio-videos of stories/documentaries/ discussions/ films
- Listening to phone calls
- Model Reading by teacher
- Storytelling
- Narrating incidents
- Interviews
- Group Discussions and Talk Shows
- Role plays
- Debates / Presentations
- Convening meetings/talks in informal situations such as going to the shopkeeper, describing real time events like festivals and matches, picnics, vacations and travelogue

Assessment

Learner assessment is a continuous process and an integral part of teaching learning. The purpose of internal assessment is that the learning levels of the children improves the examination scare that haunts a good number of children is decreased if not completely defeated. The Assessment should be competency-based, promotes learning and development for students, and tests higher-order skills, such as analysis, critical thinking, and conceptual clarity

The teachers should use different assessment strategies that connect teaching, learning and assessment to real life settings and to assess and provide feedback on activities, surveys, demonstrations, role plays, project works, assignments, presentations, innovations etc. in such a way that the learner doesn't feel that his/her performance is being evaluated. Please refer to the structure of assessment given in the preliminary pages. Points related to English language learning be also assessed.

Parameters for Assessment

Interactive competence (initiation, turn taking, relevance to the topic)
Use and delivery of words and expressions (coherence and speed of delivery)
Vocabulary and Grammar (clarity, simplicity and precision)
Pronunciation (accent, fluency)



Scheme of Assessment for Class X Theory Paper= 80 Marks Internal Assessment= 20 Marks Tulip Series Book X, A Textbook of English for Class X Section A

Reading Comprehension

15 Marks

- 1. One seen stanza from the poems to be attempted followed by MCQs based on comprehension, literary devices, inference, etc. from the prescribed text. $1 \times 5 = 5$ Marks
- 2. One unseen passage of about 400 to 500 words to be attempted followed by MCQs, comprehension questions (SA or VSA), providing suitable title to the passage, one-word substitution, vocabulary, inference, analysis, etc

1x 5 = 5 Marks

3. One question based on pictures/statistical data/bar graphs/pie charts/ histograms to be attempted followed by MCQs and SA/VSA questions based on inference, analysis, evaluation, etc. 1x5= 5 Marks

Section B

| Grammar | 10 Marks |
|--|----------|
| Modals, Articles, Relative Clauses, Tenses, Narration, Punctuation | |
| • One passage with blanks to be filled by using appropriate articles, modals, relative pronouns etc. | |
| | 3 Marks |
| • One passage given in direct/indirect speech to be converted inversely. | 3 Marks |
| • One contextualized passage/ story/ paragraph to be edited testing the use of tenses, punctuation, | |
| articles, pronouns, spellings etc | 4 Marks |
| Section C | |
| Writing Skills | 25 Marks |
| • Create/Write dialogues on given situation with the help of hints. | 4 Marks |
| • One question to be attempted on notice writing with the help of hints. (50 words). | 3 Marks |
| • One question to be attempted on message writing with the help of hints (50words). | 2 Marks |
| • One letter to be attempted out of the given two (formal/informal). | 5 Marks |
| • One speech/ article /paragraph to be attempted on a given topic out of two. | |
| The hint words will be given. (80 -100 words) | 5 marks |
| • A creative story to be developed out of the given hints and also to suggest a suitable title. | 6 marks |



Section D

Literature 30 Marks

- Three out of five short competency-based questions to be attempted from the prose lessons of the prescribed textbook. 3x3 = 9 Marks
- Three out of five short competency-based questions based on theme, central idea, literary devices to be attempted from the poems excluding the one given in reading comprehension. 3x3=9 Marks
- One out of three long answer competency-based questions to be attempted based on character/ scene/ theme/ plot, situation, event, irony etc. from the short stories. 1x6 = 6 Marks
- One out of two long answer competency-based questions to be attempted based on character/ scene/ theme/ plot, situation, event, irony etc. from the play. 1x6 = 6 Marks

Note: -

The question paper will contain questions based on critical and creativity thinking (*HOTS) to discourage rote memory.

*HOTS - Higher Order Thinking Skills

- The students must read the textbook thoroughly for comprehensive and better understanding of the topics.
- The examiner will not ask very short questions from a poem in Literature Section if the poem or the extract has been asked in the Reading Comprehension.
- The examiner will not ask short type questions in Literature Section from a chapter if the seen passage from the prescribed textbook has been asked in Reading Comprehension.
- The chapter 'The Ghat of the Only World' will not be evaluated in the examinations.

Internal Assessment 20 Marks

Assessment of LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing) Skills will be for 20 marks. Practice and assessment are to be based on the activities included in the prescribed textbooks and by taking recourse to various resources and techniques available in the school. The guidelines to evaluate the listening and speaking skills have been given in the objectives of teaching English at secondary level.

Schedule

- The practice of listening and speaking skills should be done throughout the academic year.
- The final assessment of the skills is to be done as per the convenience and schedule of the school.



Suggested Reading in Grammar

For grammar, teachers and students can refer to any standard grammar textbook for further reading and clarification of concepts. Some of the books include:

- A Practical English Grammar by Thomson and Martinet (Oxford University Press)
- High School English Grammar by Wren and Martin (S Chand Publishing)
- English Grammar in Use by Raymond Murphy (Cambridge University Press)





हिंदी पाठ्यक्रम (Hindi)

कक्षा-तसवीं

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80. Internal Assessment: 20

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs

दसवीं कक्षा तक आते-आते भाषायी कौशलों पर बच्चों का अच्छा अधिकार हो जाता है अर्थात् वे अपने स्तर के विषयों की रचनाएँ पढ़कर समझ सकते हैं तथा उन पर अपनी मौखिक और लिखित प्रतिक्रिया व्यक्त कर सकते हैं।

सामान्य उद्वेश्य

छात्रों में :-

- भाषा के शुर्थ, उपयुक्त एवं प्रभावपूर्ण प्रयोग की योग्यता का विकास हो।
- 2. शब्द-भंडार की वृद्धि तथा उसके यथोचित प्रयोग की योग्यता का विकास हो।
- 3. अर्थबोध के साथ सुनने और पढ्ने की योग्यताओं का विकास हो।
- 4. मौखिक एवं लिखित अभिव्यक्ति की योग्यताओं का विकास हो।
- 5. ज्ञान एवं आनंद प्राप्त करने के लिए स्वतंत्र रूप में पढ़ने की योग्यता का विकास हो।

स्राव

- 6. साहित्य की विविध विधाओं से परिचित हो सकें।
- 7. साहित्य के रसास्वादन की योग्यता विकसित कर सकें।
- 8. साहित्य के अध्ययन द्वारा मनोभावों को उदात्त बनाकर सद्वृत्तियों का विकास कर सकें।
- 9. पाठ्यपुस्तकों में आए हुए साहित्यकारों का सामान्य परिचय प्राप्त कर सकें।
- 10. चिन्तन-शक्ति विकसित कर सकें।

विशिष्ट उद्देश्य

(क) मौखिक अभिव्यक्ति की योग्यता बढ़ाना-

- सामाजिक, राजनैतिक, वैज्ञानिक, साहित्यिक एवं सांस्कृतिक विषयों पर बातचीत, संवाद, परिचर्चा एवं वाद-विवाद में भाग लेने से।
- स्वागत करना. परिचय लेना-देना और धन्यवाद देना. कृतज्ञताज्ञापन, संवेदना, बधाई आदि की भाषा से परिचित होकर यथावसर व्यवहार में लाने में।
- 3. 5 से 10 मिनट तक भाषण देने से।
- 4. अभिनय में भाग लेने से।

(ख) पठन-योग्यता का विकास-

- मुखर वाचन में अपेक्षित गति तथा अनुमान के साथ शुद्ध पढ़ने से।
- 2. अशंबोध एवं गति के साथ मौन वाचन करने से।
- 3. सन्द के तीनों अर्थों वाच्यार्थ, लक्ष्यार्थ और व्यंग्यार्थ को समझ लेने से।
- अध्ययन करके केंद्रीय विचार एवं सार ग्रहण करने से।
- शब्द-कोश, संदर्भ-ग्रंथ, विषय-सूची, अनुक्रमणिका आदि देखकर वाँछित सामग्री ढूंढ्कर उसका उपयोग करने से।
- 6. आलोचनात्मक दृष्टि से पढ़ने और पठित सामग्री पर अपनी प्रतिक्रिया व्यक्त करने से।
- ज्ञान तथा आनंद के लिए पढ़ने से।
- पाद्यवस्तु और उसकी सराहना करने से।
- साहित्य के प्रति अभिरुचि का विकास करने से।



(ग) शब्द-भण्डार में वृद्धि-

- स्तरानुसार शब्दों और मुहावरों के ज्ञान में क्रमिक वृद्धि करना।
- 2. उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, सींध, समास आदि के आधार पर शब्दों के अर्थ मालूम करना।
- 3. राज्दकोश की सहायता से नवीन शब्दों के प्रसंगानुकूल अर्थ-ज्ञान करना।
- 4. संदर्भ-अनुसार शब्दों के अर्थ पहचानना।

(घ) अर्थबोध एवं सराहना-

- पाठ में वर्णित प्रमुख तथ्यों, भावों एवं विचारों का चयन करना और उनके पारस्परिक संबंध पहचानना।
- 2. पाठ में विषय-वस्तु तथा उसके केंद्रीय भाव को समझना।
- 3. पठित पाठ की पूर्व ज्ञान से तुलना एवं मूल्यांकन करना।
- 4. कवि/लेखक के मनोभाव समझना।
- 5. पाठ में अभिव्यक्त विचार एवं शैली पर अपनी सहमति देना।
- पठित-अपठित अनुच्छेदों के शीर्षक देना।
- 7. कविता के प्रमुख उपादान तुक, लय, यति आदि से परिचित होना।
- शब्द-चित्र एवं अलंकारों-अनुप्रास, श्लेष, यमक, उपमा, रूपक, उत्प्रेक्षा को समझना।
- 9. कविता में छंद (दोहा, सोरठा, चौपाई, कवित, सवैया) पहचानना।

(ङ) वर्तनी और भाषा-

- लिपि के मानक रूप का ही व्यवहार करना।
- 2. परिचित शब्द शुद्ध रूप से लिखना
- 3. रूप-विज्ञान एवं ध्वनि-विज्ञान के नियमों के आधार पर शब्दों की उचित वर्तनी जानना।
- विराम चिह्नों का शुद्ध प्रयोग करना।
- लेखन के लिए व्यवहारोपयोगी शब्द-भण्डार की वृद्धि करना और उनका उपयुक्त एवं प्रसंगानुकूल प्रयोग करना।
- शब्दों, मुहावरों और पद्बंधों का प्रभावशाली और उपयुक्त प्रयोग करना तथा समानार्थक शब्दों के प्रयोग में सावधानी बरतना।
- 7. शुद्ध प्रभावपूर्ण भाषा तथा लेखन शैली का स्वाभाविक रूप से प्रयोग करना।
- विषय उपयुक्त अनुच्छेदों में बांटकर लिखना।

(च) रचना-कौशल-

- अपने भावों एवं विचारों को उपयुक्त विधा में अभिव्यक्त करना।
- विभिन्न प्रकार की रचनाओं जैसे पत्र, निबंध आदि के लिए उपयुक्त रूपाकार और तकनीक का अनुसरण करना।
- आवश्यकतानुसार अपनी रचना को प्रभावशाली बनाने हेतु उपयुक्त उद्धरणों, प्रसंगों, उदाहरणें, शब्दों, पदबंधों और मुहावरों का प्रयोग करना।



निर्धारित पुस्तकें-

| (1) नवभारती (नई पुस्तक) (गहन अध्ययन के लिए) | |
|--|----------------------------|
| जम्मू-कश्मीर बोर्ड ऑफ स्कूल एजूकेशन द्वारा प्रकाशित। | |
| (2) मानक हिंदी व्याकरण - राष्ट्रीय शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् द्वारा प्र | काशित। |
| प्रश्नपत्र का प्रथम वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न (नवभारती पुस्तक) पर आधारित होगा। | 10 |
| 2. किसी एक पद्यांश की सप्रसंग व्याख्या। (विकल्प सहित) | 4_ |
| 3. किसी कविता का भावार्थ। (विकल्प सहित) | 4_ |
| किसी एक गद्यांश की सप्रसंग व्याख्या। (विकल्प सहित) | 4 |
| किसी एक गद्य पाठ का सार सौ शब्दों में। (विकल्प सहित) | 4 |
| गद्य पाठों पर आधारित तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर। (विकल्प सहित) | 2+2=4 |
| 7. हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास में से हिन्दी कविता के काल संबंधी, उपन्यास, नाटक, | कहानी संकलन, |
| एकांकी संकलन, रेखाचित्र/संस्मरण, आत्मकथा/जीवनी, साहित्य के काल संबंधी तीन | प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे। |
| | 3+2+3=8 |
| 8. निबंध-लेखन :- किन्हीं पांच दिए गए निबंधों में से एक निबंध लिखना। | |
| विषय :- सामाजिक, वैज्ञानिक, पर्यावरण-संबंधी, त्योहार (सामजिक तथा राष्ट्रीय), शैक्षिर | |
| ऐतिहासिक स्थान, विद्यार्थी-जीवन संबंधी (अनुशासन, नैतिकता, सहपाठ्यक्रमीय गति | 100 |
| व्यक्तित्व, नेता, महापुरुष, वैज्ञानिक, लेखक/कवि, अभिनेता/कलाकार। | 8 |
| 9. पत्र-लेखन :- (दिए गए दो पत्रों में से एक पत्र लिखना) | 6 |
| विषय :- पारिवारिक, सामाजिक, व्यावसायिक, कार्यालीय, आवेदन-पत्र, संपादक के | नाम पत्र। |
| अपठित गद्यांश का सार, शीर्षक तथा एक प्रश्न का उत्तर। | 6 |
| 11. अलंकार - (अनुप्रास, यमक, उपमा, रूपक, अतिश्योक्ति) दिए गए पद्यांश में से | अलंकार बनाना। |
| (विकल्प सहित) | 2 |
| छंद :- (दोहा, सोरठा, चौपाई, कवित्त, सवैया) दिए गए पद्यांश में से छंद बताना। (| |
| 12. (क) दिए गए वाक्य में संज्ञा पद्बंध, विशेषण पदबंध, क्रिया पद्बंध तथा क्रिया-विशेष | |
| (इसमें से एक वाक्य विकल्प सहित पूछा जाएगा) | 2 |
| (ख) वाक्य-विश्लेषण - सरल वाक्य, संयुक्त तथा मिश्र वाक्य। सरल वाक्यों को सं | |
| वाक्य में परिवर्तित करना तथा मिश्र या संयुक्त वाक्य को सरल वाक्यों में लिखना। | Marie al Seou, newspulling |
| (ग) किन्हीं दो मुहावरों का वाक्यों में प्रयोग। | 2 |
| 13. साँध, साँध-विच्छेद, समास, विग्रह। वाक्य-परिवर्तन। क्रिया-अकर्मक, सकर्मक। (इसमें से | |
| सहित पूछने हैं) | 2+2=4 |



- समानार्थक, भिन्नार्थक, अनेकार्थक, पर्यायवाची, अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द, विराम-चिह्न। (इसमें से दो प्रश्न विकल्प सहित पूछने हैं)
- 15. उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, विशेषण की रूप-रचना तथा अवस्थाएँ। (इसमें से दो प्रश्न विकल्प सहित पूछने हैं।) 2
- संज्ञा से भाववाचक संज्ञा तथा विशेषण से संज्ञा बनाना। सर्वनाम के भेद तथा उपभेद। (इसमें से दो प्रश्न विकल्प के साथ पूछने हैं।)

टिप्पणी :- अध्यापक कुछ अन्य पुस्तकें भी पढ्ने के लिए छात्रों को सुझाए :-उदाहरणतया :-

 उपन्यास, 2. नाटक, 3. कहानी संकलन, 4. एकांकी संकलन, 5. रेखचित्र/संस्मरण, 6. आत्म-कथा/जीवनी। इनके अतिरिक्त सामाजिक, आर्थिक, औद्योगिक, व्यावसायिक, राजनैतिक, सांस्कृतिक, खेल-कूद, यात्रा आदि विषयों पर निबंध-संकलन पुरक पठन के लिए निर्धारित करें।



کل نمبرات:۸۰

جماعت دہم

| ۵ نمبر | غير درى اقتباس اورسوالات | _1 |
|---------|--|------|
| ۵ نمبر | شعری عبارات اور سوالات به | _r |
| ۵ نمبر | غير درى عبارت اورسوالات _ | ٣ |
| ۵ نمبر | الفاظ كوجملوں ميں استعمال _ | ۳, |
| ۵ نمبر | حروف کی تعریف اور مثالیں۔ | _۵ |
| ۵ نمبر | ہدایات کے مطابق جواب لکھئے (گرائمر) | _4 |
| ۳ نمبر | محاورات | _4 |
| ۲ تمبر | تر کیب خوی - | _^ |
| ۵ نمبر | اصناف کے متعلق (نوٹ) | _9 |
| ۵ نمبر | خلاصه (درى اسباق كاخلاصه) | -1+ |
| ۲نمبر | اشعار کی تشریح۔ | _11 |
| ١٠ نمبر | دری کتاب کے اسباق کے سوالات کے مختصر جوابات۔ | _11 |
| ۲نمبر | حالات زندگی (نوٹ) دفتری رنجی رکاروباری | _11" |
| ۸نمبر | مضمون (ڈیڑھ سوسے دوسوالفاظ) | -10 |
| | | |



مفلی رامائنکاایکسین اولوالعزی جگنو جگنو فکسیت انتظار

> تین رباعیاں تین ژباعیاں

نوكرول پرسخت كيري كرنے كاانجام

منطومات نظیرا کبرآبادی: عکبست: محدسین آزاد: دا کزسرمحدا قبآل: مرزامحربیین بیک:

ر **باعیات** میر ببرعلی انیس: عبکت موہن لال رواں:

> قطعه الطاف تحسين حآتى:



ا۔ ابن مریم ہواکرے کوئی غات ٢- كونى أميد برنيس آتى شآد ا۔ تمناؤں میں الجھایا حمیاموں قانى بدانوتى ا۔ وُنیامیری بلاجائے مبتلی ہے یاستی ہے ا _ كون ساوه زخم دل تفاجوتر وتازه ندتها عرش صبيائي ۲۔ ہرایک رنگ میں کا نیس سے ہم سزابی سی اكبرج يورى ا۔ سس كومعلوم ملے خاك ميں منظر كتنے ا۔ ایمانیس کرسر پرسداآسان تفا مدم كانميرى ۲۔ ایک بھی موسم میرے اندر نہ تھا ا۔ کتاب بندسی برف ترکھلار کھنا هبيب رضوي ۲۔ کتنی بھوک ہے، کتنی پیای ہے

(۲) تعیدہ ابسائے بیرے جوکوئی پیروجواں ہے (شہرآ شوب) مرزامحدر فیع سودا

ئعت بی نوع انسان کاغم خوارآیا رساجاد داتی

مرثیہ (حضرت علی اصغر کے لیے یاتی ما تکنا) مرز اسلامت علی دہیر



نصابی كتاب: بهارستان أردو

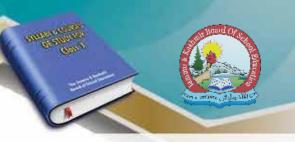
(دمویں جماعت کے لیے)

اسباق

| , | | |
|----------|---------------------|--------------------|
| داستان: | سير چو تقے درويش كى | ميراش |
| ناول: | اورمزاج داركت كئ | ڈ پی نزیراحمہ ڈ |
| افساند: | عبرت | پریم چند |
| | آ سان ، پھول اورلبو | تورشاه |
| خاكه: | مآتى | عبدالحق |
| انشائيه: | نحوشايد | مرسيداحدخان |
| مقاليه: | ا قبال اورانسانیت | خواجه غلام السيدين |
| ۇرايا: | بورو کے لٹرو | محد عرفؤ رالبي |
| | | |

هشعر

(۱) غزلیات ا۔ ہمارے آگے تراجب کسونے نام لیا ۲۔ ہنگامہ گرم کن جودل ناصبور تھا میر تقی آتی آ



لکھنا: تمام طلباءاس قابل ہوں کہ وہ اُردوز بان بول، پڑھاورلکھ سیس۔ دیئے گئے اقتباس میں سے ضروری مواد حاصل کر کے استعال کریں۔ مواد حاصل کر کے استعال کریں۔

استعال:

اس میں بیرد یکھا جائے گا کہ کیا طالب علم سجح أردو پڑھاورلکھ سکتا ہے۔

كورس

اس کا مقصدیہ ہے کہ طلباء اُردوزبان پردسترس حاصل کرسکیں اور پھر تخلیقی مضابین لکھ سکیں۔ پور سے تعلیمی سال بیں ہرطالب علم ایسے دومضابین لکھے۔ بیمضابین نثری حصد میں داستان، ناول، افساند، انشائید، خاکد، مقاله اور ڈراما وغیرہ سے متعلق ہوں یانظم میں مختلف اصناف یخن مشلاً غزل، نظم، قصیدہ، مرثید، رُباعی اور قطعه کی بحثیبت صنف یخن سراہنا کی گئی ہو۔



Urdu

أردو

وقت: ٣ تحفظ

نمبرات: ••١

ٹانوی سطح پراُردؤ زبان پڑھنے کے مقاصد طلباء وطالبات اس قابل ہوں کہوہ:

ا۔ اردوزبان کوعام بول جال کے لیےاستعال کرسکیں۔

۲۔ زبان کو چیج طرح ہے موقع اور ماحول کی مناسبت سے استعال کرسکیں۔

٣- أردوكي اعلى تعليم حاصل كرسكيس-

۳ ۔ اینا ندراد نی ذوق پیدا کر سیس۔

۵۔ زبان دانی کے قواعدے داقف ہو عیں۔

٧- اصناف نثر وشعرے واقف ہوسكيں۔

160%15

ا۔ بولنا،سنتااور شمجھنا۔

٢_ يرهنااورلكصنا

أردوكرائمر (قواعدأردو)

پڑھنا: تمام طلباء وطالبات أردوز بان میں دسویں جماعت کے معیار کی کتابیں پڑھاور سجھ سیس۔ دیے ہوئے اقتباس کا خلاصہ پیش کرسیس اور حاصل کی ہوئی جا نکاری کوواضح اور جامع طریقے سے پیش کریں۔



MATHEMATICS

Total Marks 100 Time: 3 Hours (External 80 Marks)

(Internal 20 Marks)

| Unit :- I | Number Systems | 06 Marks |
|------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Unit : II | Algebra | 20 Marks |
| Unit : III | Coordinate Geometry | 06 Marks |
| Unit :IV | Geometry | 15 Marks |
| Unit:V | Trigonometry | 12 Marks |
| Unit :VI | Mensuration | 10 Marks |
| Unit :VII | Statistics and Probability | 11 Marks |
| TOTAL | | 80 Marks |

UNIT 1:- NUMBER SYSTEMS

1. REAL NUMBER (15) Periods

Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic - statements after reviewing work done earlier and after illustrating and motivating through examples, Proofs of irrationality of $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{5}$,

UNIT II: ALGEBRA

1. POLYNOMIALS (8) Periods

Zeros of a polynomial. Relationship between zeros and coefficients of quadratic polynomials.

2. PAIR OF LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES

(15) Periods

Pair of linear equations in two variables and graphical method of their solution, consistency/inconsistency. Algebraic conditions for number of solutions. Solution of a pair of linear equations in two variables algebraically – by substitution, by elimination. Simple situational problems.

3. QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

(15) Periods

Standard form of a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, $(a \ne 0)$ Solutions of quadratic equations (only real roots) by factorization, and by using quadratic formula. Relationship between discriminant and nature of roots. Situational problems based on quadratic equations related to day to day activities to be incorporated.

4. ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS

(10) Periods

Motivation for studying Arithmetic Progression Derivation of the nth term and sum of the first n terms of A.P. and their application in solving daily life problems.



UNIT III: COORDINATE GEOMETRY

Coordinate Geometry (15) Periods

Review: Concepts of coordinate geometry, graphs of linear equations. Distance formula. Section formula (internal division).

UNIT IV: GEOMETRY

1. TRIANGLES (15) Periods

Definitions, examples, counter examples of similar triangles.

- 1. (Prove) If a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle to intersect the other two sides in distinct points, the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.
- 2. (Motivate) If a line divides two sides of a triangle in the same ratio, the line is parallel to the third side.
- 3. (Motivate) If in two triangles, the corresponding angles are equal, their corresponding sides are proportional and the triangles are similar.
- 4. (Motivate) If the corresponding sides of two triangles are proportional, their corresponding angles are equal and the two triangles are similar.
- 5. (Motivate) If one angle of a triangle is equal to one angle of another triangle and the sides including these angles are proportional, the two triangles are similar.

2. CIRCLES (10) Periods

Tangent to a circle at, point of contact

- 1. (Prove) The tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact.
- 2. (Prove) The lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal.

UNIT V: TRIGONOMETRY

1. INTRODUCTION TO TRIGONOMETRY

(10) Periods

Trigonometric ratios of an acute angle of a right-angled triangle. Proof of their existence (well defined); motivate the ratios whichever are defined at 0° and 90°. Values of the trigonometric ratios of 30°, 45° and 60°. Relationships between the ratios.

2. TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES

(15) Periods

Proof and applications of the identity $sin^2A + cos^2A = 1$. Only simple identities to be given.



3. HEIGHTS AND DISTANCES:

(10) Periods

Angle of elevation, Angle of Depression. Simple problems on heights and distances. Problems should not involve more than two right triangles. Angles of elevation / depression should be only $30^{\circ},45^{\circ}$, and 60° .

UNIT VI: MENSURATION

1. AREAS RELATED TO CIRCLES

(12) Periods

Area of sectors and segments of a circle. Problems based on areas and perimeter / circumference of the above said plane figures. (In calculating area of segment of a circle, problems should be restricted to central angle of 60° , 90° and 120° only.

2. SURFACE AREAS AND VOLUMES

(12) Periods

Surface areas and volumes of combinations of any two of the following: cubes, cuboids, spheres, hemispheres and right circular cylinders/cones.

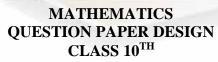
UNIT VII: STATISTICS AND PROBABILITY

1. STATISTICS (18) Periods

Mean median and mode of grouped data (bimodal situation to be avoided).

2. PROBABILITY (10) Periods

Classical definition of probability. Simple problems on finding the probability of an event.



Time: 3 Hours

M. Marks: 80

| Tillic. | Hours | | vi. iviaiks. o |
|---------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|
| S. No. | Typology of Questions | Total Marks | % Weightage (approx.) |
| 1 | Remembering: Exhibit memory of previously learned material by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts, and answers. Understanding: Demonstrate understanding of facts and ideas by organizing, comparing, translating, interpreting, giving descriptions, and stating main ideas | 43 | 54 |
| 2 | Applying: Solve problems to new situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques and rules in a different way. | 19 | 24 |
| 3 | Analysing: Examine and break information into parts by identifying motives or causes. Make inferences and find evidence to support generalizations Evaluating: Present and defend opinions by making judgments about information, validity of ideas, or quality of work based on a set of criteria. Creating: Compile information together in a different way by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing alternative solutions | 18 | 22 |
| | Total | 80 | 100 |

| INTERNAL ASSESSMENT | 20 MARKS |
|---|----------|
| Pen Paper Test and Multiple Assessment (5+5) | 10 Marks |
| Portfolio | 05 Marks |
| Lab Practical (Lab activities to be done from the prescribed books) | 05 Marks |



SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks 100 (External 80 Marks)

(Internal 20 Marks)

| S.No | Titles | Periods | Theory (Marks) | Internal Assessment (Marks) |
|------|--|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | India and the Contemporary World – II (HISTORY) | 65 | 25 | |
| 2 | Contemporary India –II (GEOGRAPHY) | 55 | 20 | |
| 3 | Democratic Politics – II (POLITICAL SCIENCE) | 40 | 20 | 20 |
| 4 | Economics, Disaster Management and Road Safety Education | 40 | 15 | |
| | | 200 | 80 | |

Title 1: India and the Contemporary World – II (HISTORY)

| | Total Periods 65 | Total Marks 25 |
|--|--|---|
| | Breakup of periods | Breakup of marks |
| Enable the learners to identify and comprehend the forms in which nationalism developed along with the formation of nation states in Europe in the post-1830period. Establish the relationship and bring out the difference between European nationalism and anti colonial nationalisms. Understand the way the idea of nationalism emerged and led to the | 14 | 06 |
| | identify and comprehend the forms in which nationalism developed along with the formation of nation states in Europe in the post-1830period. Establish the relationship and bring out the difference between European nationalism and anti colonial nationalisms. Understand the way | Periods 14 ❖ Enable the learners to identify and comprehend the forms in which nationalism developed along with the formation of nation states in Europe in the post-1830period. ❖ Establish the relationship and bring out the difference between European nationalism and anti colonial nationalisms. ❖ Understand the way the idea of nationalism emerged and led to the formation of nation states in |

| | | _ | |
|--|--|----|----|
| B. Nationalism in India: | | | |
| The First World War, Khilafat and Non – Cooperation Differing Strands within the Movement Non-Cooperation Movement in Jammu and Kashmir Towards Civil Disobedience The Sense of Collective Belonging Cultural awakening and Growth of nationalism in Jammu & Kashmir Region. | Recognize the characteristics of Indian nationalism through a case study of Non-Cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movement Analyze the nature of the diverse social movements of the time. Familiarize with the writings and ideals of different political groups and individuals. | 10 | 05 |
| Section 2: Livelihoods, Economies and Societies: Any one of the following: A. The Making of a Global World: The Pre-modern world The Nineteenth Century (1815-1914) The Case of Begar (Forced Labour in Kashmir) The Inter war Economy Rebuilding a World Economy: The Post-War Era OR B. The Age of Industrialization: Before the Industrial Revolution Hand Labour and Steam Power Industrialization in the colonies Factories Come Up Growth of Industries in Jammu and Kashmir The Peculiarities of Industrial Growth Market for Goods | Appreciate the ideas promoting Pan Indian belongingness. Show that globalization has a long history and point to the shifts within the process. Analyze the implication of globalization for local economies. Discuss how globalization is experienced differently by different social groups. Familiarize with the Proto Industrial phase and Early – factory system. Familiarize with the process of industrialization and its impact on labour class. Enable them to understand industrialization in the colonies with reference to Textile industries. | 11 | 06 |

| Section 3: Everyday Life, Culture and Politics: A. Print Culture and the Modern World: The First Printed Books Print Comes to Europe The Print Revolution and its Impact The Reading Mania The Nineteenth Century India and the World of Print Vibrant manuscript culture and Print technology in J&K under the Dogra Ruler Maharaja Ranbir Singh Religious Reform and Public Debates New Forms of Publication Portrayal of Women in J&K Print and Censorship Growth of Press in J&K | * | Identify the link between print culture and the circulation of ideas. Familiarize with pictures, cartoons, extracts from propaganda literature and newspaper debates on important events and issues in the past. Understand that forms of writing have a specific history and that they reflect historical changes within society and shape the forces of change. | 12 | 05 |
|---|-----|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Section 4: Modernization of Erstwhile Jammu & Kashmir State. A. Post Independence Era: Jammu and Kashmir on thepath of Modernisation First Phase (1947-1965) Second Phase (1965-1982) Third Phase | * | To understand the impact about various initiatives taken in different fields in Post Independence Era. To analyze the impact of different initiatives taken | 05 | 03 |
| Title 2: Contemporary India – II (GEOGRAPHY) Themes | Lea | arning Objectives | Total Periods 55 Breakup of | Total Marks 20 Breakup of |
| 1. Resources and Development: Development of Resources Resource Planning in India Land Resources Land Utilization Land Use Pattern in India Land Degradation and Conservation Measures Soil as a Resource Classification of Soils Soil Erosion and Soil Conservation (Excluded Topic: Types of Resources) | * | Understand the valueof resources and the need for their judicious utilization and conservation | Periods 09 | Marks 05 |

| 2. Forest and Wildlife * (To be assessed in Periodic tests) Types of Resources Biodiversity or Biological Diversity Vanishing Forests Asiatic Cheetah: Where did they go? Conservation of forest & wildlife in India Project Tiger Types and distribution of forests and wildlife resources Community and Conservation (Excluded Topics: Flora and Fauna in India, The Himalayan Yew in Trouble) | Understand the importance of forests and wild life in one environment as well as develop concept towards depletion of resources | |
|---|---|--|
| 3. Water Resources: * (To be assessed in Periodic tests) Water Scarcity and The Need for Water Conservation and Management Multi-Purpose River Projects and Integrated Water Resources Management Rainwater Harvesting | Comprehend the importance of water as a resource as well as develop awareness towards its judicious use and conservation. | |
| 4. Agriculture: Types of farming Cropping Pattern Major Crops Technological and Institutional Reforms (Excluded Topics: Contribution of agriculture to the national economy, employment and output, Impact of globalisation on agriculture) | ❖ Identify various types of farming and discuss the various farming methods; describe the spatial distribution of major crops as well as understand the relationship between rainfall regimes and cropping pattern. ❖ Explain various government policies for institutional as well as technological reforms since independence. | |

| Minerals and Energy Resources What is a mineral? Mode of occurrence of Minerals Ferrous and Non-Ferrous Minerals Non-Metallic Minerals Rock Minerals Conservation of Minerals Energy Resources Conventional and Non- Conventional Conservation of Energy Resources | | Identify different types of minerals and energy resources and places of their availability Feel the need for their judicious utilization | 09 | 04 |
|---|---|--|----|----|
| Manufacturing Industries: Importance of manufacturing Industrial Location Classification of Industries Spatial distribution Industrial pollution and environmental degradation. Control of environmental degradation. Excluded Topics Contribution of industry to national economy, paragraphs from cotton textiles, Jute textiles, Sugar industry, Iron Steel industry, Cement industry) | * | Bring out the importance of industries in the national economy as well as understand the regional disparities which resulted due to concentration of industries in some areas. Discuss the need for a planned industrial development and debate over the role of government towards sustainable development. | 07 | 03 |
| 7. Life Lines of National Economy: Transport, Roadways, Railways, Pipelines, Waterways, Airways Communication International Trade Tourism as a Trade | * | Explain the importance of transport and communication in the ever- shrinking world. Understand the role of trade and tourism in the economic development of a country. | 06 | 03 |

| Title 3. Democratic Politics – II (POLITICAL SCIENCE) | | Total Periods 40 | Total Marks 20 |
|---|--|--------------------|----------------|
| | | | |
| Themes | Laguring Objectives | Breakup of Periods | Breakup of |
| Themes | Learning Objectives | Dreakup of Terious | Marks |
| 1. Power Sharing: Case Studies of Belgium and Sri Lanka Why power sharing is desirable? Forms of Power Sharing | Familiarize with the centrality of power sharing in a democracy. Understand the working of spatial and social power sharing mechanisms | 07 | 05 |
| 2. Federalism: What is Federalism? What make India a Federal Country? How is Federalism practiced? Decentralization in India | Analyse federal provisions and institutions. Explain decentralization in rural and urban areas. | 07 | 05 |
| 3. Gender, Religion and Caste: Gender and Politics Religion, Communalism and Politics Caste and Politics | Identify and analyse the challenges posed by communalism to Indian Democracy. Recognize the enabling and disabling effects of caste and ethnicity in politics. Develop a gender perspective on politics | 07 | 03 |
| 4.Political Parties: Why do we need Political Parties? How many Parties should we have? National Political Parties State Parties Challenges to Political Parties How can Parties be reformed? | Analyse party systems in democracies. Introduction to major political parties, challenges faced by them and reforms in the country. | 07 | 03 |
| 5. Outcomes of Democracy: How do we assess democracy's Outcomes? Accountable, responsive and legitimate government Economic growth and development Reduction of inequality and poverty Accommodation of social diversity Dignity and freedom of the citizens | Evaluate the functioning of democracies in comparison to alternative forms of governments. Understand the causes for continuation of democracy in India. Distinguish between sources of Strengths and weaknesses | 06 | 02 |

| Addendum The Jammu and Kashmir Reorganization Act, 2019 | Understanding of the Reorganization Act, 2019 Knowledge about the different provisions of the act | 03 | 02 |
|---|--|----|----|
| Cooperative Movement (To be accessed in Periodic Tests only) Overview Issues and Challenges faced by Cooperative sector Ways to strengthen the Cooperative sector. Role of Government in nurturing Cooperative movement. Success story of Amul. | Analyse and identify the various issues and challenges faced by Cooperative Sector. Recognise the role of government in strengthening and nurturing the Cooperative movement. | 03 | |

| Title 4. Economics, Disaster Management and | Total Periods 40 | Total Marks(15) | |
|--|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Themes | Learning Objectives | Breakup of Periods | Breakup ofMarks |
| Unit 1: Understanding J & K Economy Contribution of Major Sectors in the J and K Economic Importance of Primary Sector Agriculture Allied Sectors, Majors Crops, Live Stock, Horticulture Fisheries, Forest, Mining, Quarrying Economic Importance of Secondary Sector Economic Importance of Tertiary Sector Hurdles in Economic Development | Concept of GDP and the contribution of various sectors to GDP Concept and Understanding of different Sectors of Economy Major issues in Economic Development | 09 | 05 |
| Unit 2: Employment Generation ❖ Potential and Scope for Employment generation ❖ Special Industry Initiative (SII J&K) ❖ Towards Employment Initiative ❖ Sectoral Initiatives taken by the Government for employment | Significance of Employment generation. To Understand How Different Initiatives taken to boost the Economy | 08 | 05 |
| Unit 3. Financial Literacy Stock market operations (To be assessed in periodic tests.) | The learner should be able to understand how the stock markets operate. | 04 | |
| Unit 4. Protecting Ourselves from Disasters* Survival Skills: Search and Rescue Skills Safe Construction Practices: Various Structural Safety Measures taken up for Constructing Disaster Resistant Building Emergency Communication during a Disaster Sharing Responsibility: Role of Individual, Community NGOs, Local and State Bodies Ill effects of Polythene | Understanding of Role and Responsibilities during the Disasters. Promotion of Skills by Active and Participatory Approach in Management of Disasters. | 09 | 05 |

| Con . serve (Alacable) | |
|------------------------|--|

| Unit 5. Road S | Safety Education |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| (to be assessed i | in periodic tests.) |

- Introduction
- Why do Children have Accidents
- ❖ Who can Prevent Accidents
- Road Safety: Motor Vehicle (Amendment) Bill 2016
- * Traffic Authorities in India
- * Traffic Offence and Penalties in India
- 4Es to prevent Accidents
- Road Safety Education Examples of Good Practices
- Understanding about the Road Mishaps and the Preventive Measures about Accidents
- Knowledge about the different Provisions and the Acts of Road Safety.

10

Suggestive Projects

- 1. Eminent women freedom fighters from different parts of India and present information through photographs, illustrations, writings, speeches, etc.
- 2. Collect information on the conditions of the peasantry, city dwellers, kings and nobility before the revolution and the kinds of inhuman practices that were followed in France/German
- 3. Make a survey report on challenges faced by the Roadways and railway Sectors in J&K.
- 4. Prepare the following documents to organize a session of Parliament for a Parliamentary democracy.
 - a. Officials required Composition of the House.
 - b. Seating plan diagram
 - c. A Bill on any current economic or social value, for example child labour laws, women's reservation, free medical care bill.
 - d. Documents on procedures
 - e. A debate/speech on any issue either from the government or opposition side.
- 5. Write a report on how man's interaction with nature has resulted in different hazardous situations such as
 - a. Deforestation and soil erosion causing floods and droughts.
 - b. Faulty constructional practices leading to disastrous impact on life and property during cyclones and earthquakes.
 - c. Water scarcity in rural and urban areas.
 - d. Uncontrolled growth of settlements on hazardous hill slopes causing landslides.
- 6. Design posters/slogans/skits/songs for generating awareness about Road Safety among other school children.



7. Interview any of the Govt./Non-Government functionaries in your locality on their role in Disaster Management:

Senior District Magistrate

Additional District Magistrate

Sarpanch

Head of any NGO – dealing in Disaster Management

Police inspector,

Superintendent of Police

Civil Defence Warden.

Prescribed Textbooks:

- 1- A textbook of History for Class 10th (India and the Contemporary World-II)
- 2- A textbook of Geography for Class 10th (Contemporary India-II)
- 3- A textbook of Political Science for Class 10th (Democratic Politics-II)
- 4- A textbook of Economics, Disaster Management, and Road Safety Education for Class 10th Published by Jammu & Kashmir Board of School Education.



SCIENCE

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of teaching science to Class X students is to:

- 1. Provide, through well designed studies of the experimental and practical science, a worthwhile educational experience for all students, whether or not they intend to study science beyond the secondary stage. In particular, it aims at enabling them to acquire sufficient understanding and knowledge to:
- 1.1 Become confident citizens in a technological world, and enable them to take active interest in matters of scientific importance
- 1.2 Recognize the usefulness and limitations of scientific method and to appreciate its applicability in other disciplines and in everyday life.
- 1.3 Be suitably prepared for studies beyond the secondary stage in pure sciences or in applied sciences or in science dependent courses.

2. Develop abilities and skills that:

- 2.1 are relevant to the study and practice of science.
- 2.2 are useful in everyday life.
- 2.3 encourage efficient and safe practice.
- 2.4 encourage effective communication.

3. Develop Attitude relevant to science such as:

- 3.1 concern for accuracy and precision.
- 3.2 objectivity
- 3.3 integrity
- 3.4 enquiry
- 3.5 initiatives
- 3.6 inventiveness/innovation.

4. Stimulate interest in and care for the environment

5. Promote awareness that:

- 5.1 Scientific theories and methods have developed and continue to do so as a result of cooperative activities of groups and individuals.
- 5.2 The study and practice of science are subject to social, economic, technological ethical and cultural influences and limitations.
- 5.3 The application of science may be both beneficial and detrimental to the individual, the community and the environment.



5.4. Science transcends national boundaries and that the language of science, correctly and rigorously applied is universal

Domains

The three domains in Science (Physics, Chemistry and Biology) are:

- (a) Knowledge with understanding.
- (b) Handling information and solving problems.
- (c) Experimental skills and investigations.

Description of each domain is given below.

(a) Knowledge with understanding

- 1. Scientific phenomena, facts, laws, definitions, concepts, theories.
- 2. Scientific vocabulary, terminology, conventions (including symbols, quantities and units).
- 3. Scientific instruments and apparatus including techniques of operation and aspects of safety.
- 4. Scientific quantities and their determination.
- 5. Scientific and technological applications with their social, economic and environmental implications.

The curriculum objectives define the factual material that candidates may be required to recall and explain. Question testing these objectives will often begin with one of the following words; define state, describe, explain or outline etc.

(b) Handling Information and Solving Problems

Students should be able, in words or using other written forms of presentation (i.e. symbolic, graphical and numerical) to:

- 1. locate, select, organize and present information from a variety of sources;
- 2. translate information from one to another;
- 3. manipulate numerical and other data;
- 4. use information to identify patterns, report trends and draw inferences;
- 5. present reasoned explanations for phenomena, patterns and relationships;
- 6. make predictions and hypotheses;
- 7. solve problems;

These skills cannot be precisely specified in the curriculum objectives because the questions testing such skills are often based on information which is unfamiliar to the candidate. In answering such questions, candidates are required to use principles and concepts that are within the syllabus and apply them in a logical, deductive manner to a novel situation.

The questions for testing these skills, will often begin with one of the following words; Discuss, predict, suggest, calculate or determine etc.



(c) Experimental Skills and Investigations

Students should be able to

- 1. use techniques, apparatus and materials;
- 2. make and record observations, measurements and estimates;
- 3. interpret and evaluate experimental observations and date;
- 4. plan, investigate and/or evaluate methods and suggest possible improvements (including the selection of techniques, apparatus and materials).

Scheme of Assessment

Board Examination

Theory

Theory paper of Science shall have 80 marks spread over one single question paper containing three sections, viz, Section – I based on the syllabus of Physics and Section – II based on the syllabus of Chemistry and Section – III based on the syllabus of Biology having a weightage of 80 marks and 3 hours duration.

Section I (Physics) : 26 marks
Section II (Chemistry) : 26 marks
Section III (Biology) : 28 marks

Each section shall contain

| (i) | 03 long answer questions with internal choice each of 05 marks | $3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks}$ |
|-------|---|----------------------------------|
| (ii) | 09 short answer questions with internal choice each of 03 marks | $9 \times 3 = 27 \text{ marks}$ |
| (iii) | 10 very short answer question each of 02 marks | $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ |
| (iv) | 18 multiple choice questions each of 01 mark | $18 \times 1 = 18 \text{ marks}$ |

Total marks for Physics, Chemistry and Biology Sections: 80 marks

PRACTICAL:



SCIENCE

Theory Marks: 80 (Physics + Chemistry + Biology: 26+26+28)

Time allotted: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment: 20 Marks

Section – I (Physics)

Unit 1:- Light- Reflection and Refraction

Marks 08

Reflection of light, spherical mirrors; image formation; use of spherical mirrors.

Sign conventions for spherical mirrors; relation between focal length and radius of curvature; mirror formula (only relation) (Numerical Problems); magnification.

Refraction of light, refraction through a glass slab, refractive index, Conditions for no refraction.

Spherical lenses, image formation, sign conventions, lens formula (only relation) (Numerical Problems), Magnification (Numerical Problems), Power of a lens (Numerical Problems).

Unit 2: The Human Eve and the Colorful World

Marks 05

Human eye; power of accommodation; defects of vision and their correction.

Glass prism (refraction and dispersion).

Atmospheric refraction – twinkling of stars and color of sun at sunrise and sunset.

Unit 3:-Electricity Marks 06

Concept of electric charge;

Electric current; electric potential and potential difference;

Ohm's law and experimental verification; resistance and its dependence; combination of resistances (series and parallel) (Numerical Problems)

Heating effect of current – Electric power and energy (Numerical Problems)

Unit 4: Magnetic Effects of Current

Marks 07

Oersted's Experiment; Magnetic field and field lines.

Magnetic field due to a current carrying conductor- Straight, coil (loop) and solenoid (qualitative only).

Force on a current carrying conductor in a magnetic field.

Domestic electric circuits.



SECTION – II (CHEMISTRY)

Unit 1: Chemical Reactions and Equation

Marks 06

Chemical equation, writing of chemical equation; Balancing chemical equations.

Types of chemical reactions, viz. Combination reactions; Decomposition reactions; Displacement reactions; Double displacement reactions; Oxidation and reduction.

Effects of oxidation and reduction reactions in everyday life, viz, corrosion and rancidity.

Unit 2:- Carbon and its Compounds

Marks 08

Bonding in Carbon, Covalent bond, Allotropes of carbon;

Versatile nature of carbon; Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons; chains; branches and rings, homologous series and its characteristics; nomenclature of Carbon compounds.

Chemical properties of carbon compounds viz. combustion; oxidation; addition and substitution reactions.

Important Carbon compounds like Ethanol and Ethanoic acid. Properties of Ethanol and Ethanoic acid.

Soaps and Detergents.

Unit 3: Metals and Non-metals

Marks 07

Physical properties of metals and non- metals.

Chemical properties of metals like action of water, air, acids, salts; Reactivity series of metals.

Cause of reactivity of metals and non- metals. Properties of Ionic compounds.

Occurrence of metals; their extraction, enrichment of ores. Extraction of metals in accordance with activity series; refining of metals.

Corrosion of metals and its prevention.

Unit 5: Acids, Bases and Salts

Marks 05

Idea about acids and bases; chemical properties of acids and bases viz. Action of metals, metal carbonates, metal hydrogen carbonates (only in case of acids), metallic acids; non- metallic acids and bases.

Similarities in acids and bases; reaction of acids and bases with water.

Strength of acid and base solutions; pH, its importance.

Idea of salts, their family and pH.Chemicals from common salts like Sodium hydroxide, Baking soda and Washing soda; Hydrated salts Plaster of Paris.



SECTION – III (BIOLOGY)

Unit 1: - Life Processes Marks 08

- What are life Processes?
- Nutrition Autotrophic Nutrition, Heterotrophic Nutrition. How do animals obtain their nutrition? Nutrition in Human beings.
- Respiration.
- Transportation: Transportation in Plants.
- Excretion: Excretion in Human beings, Excretion in Plants.

Unit 2:- Control and Co-ordination

Marks 06

- Animals Nervous System, What happens in Reflex Action? Human Brain; How are these tissues protected? How does Nervous tissue cause action?
- Coordination in Plants, immediate response to stimulus, movements due to growth.
- Hormones in Animals.

Unit 3:- How do Organism Reproduce

Marks 06

- Do organisms create exact copies of themselves? The importance of variation.
- Modes of reproduction used by unicellular organisms. Fission. Fragmentation, Regeneration. Vegetative Propagation, Budding, Spore Formation.
- Sexual Reproduction: Why the sexual mode of reproduction? Sexual reproduction in flowering plants, Reproduction in human Beings. Male Reproductive System, Female Reproductive System. What happens when the egg is not fertilized? Reproductive Health.

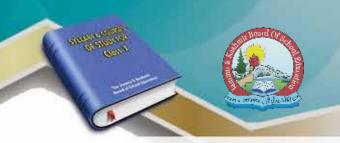
Unit 4: Heredity Marks 03

- Accumulation of variation during reproduction.
- Heredity: Inherited traits, Rules for the inheritance of traits, Mendel's contribution. How do thesetraits get expressed? Sex determination.

Unit V: - Our Environment

Marks 05

- What happens when we add our waste to the Environment?
- Ecosystem What are its components? Food chains and Webs.
- How do our activities effect the environment? Ozone layer and how it is getting depleted. Managing the garbage we produce.



PRACTICAL WORK Section – I (PHYSICS)

List of Practicals

Section 1

- 1. Verify the laws of reflection using mirror strips.
- 2. Verify the laws of refraction using glass slab, and find the refractive index of the material.
- 3. Show that the image is as far behind the plane mirror as the object is in front of it.
- 4. Trace the path of rays through a glass prism and measure the angle of deviation. (2 obs).
- 5. Using a glass prism, Prove that $\angle i + \angle e = \angle A + \angle d$
- 6. Find the focal length of convex mirror using the candle wire gauge and screen.
- 7. Trace the path of a ray of light through a glass slab and show that the angle of incidence is equal to the angle of emergence.
- 8. Verify Ohm's law (3 observations).
- 9. Prepare an electromagnet and observe the relation between the direction of current and polarity of the electromagnet.
- 10. Draw the magnetic lines for a bar magnet using a compass needle.

Project work

- 1. To construct an Astronomical Telescope using two convex lenses.
- 2. Prepare a model showing the production of thermo electric energy.
- 3. To generate wind energy using a wind mill.
- 4. Prepare an electromagnet.
- 5. To prepare a model to demonstrate Oersted's experiment.



- 1. Determine the pH of water obtained from different sources (at least four)
- 2. Determine the pH of juice obtained from different fruits.
- 3. Simple volumetric acid base titrations.
- 4. Preparation of soap.
- 5. Preparations of hydrogen gas by the action of diluted sulphuric acid oil and study the properties.
- 6. To test the conductivity of various salt solutions.

Project work

- 1. Make a list that contains.
 - Five elements in the free state and Five elements in the combined state.
- 2. To frame modern periodic table.
- 3. To make models of alkanes.



SECTION III (BIOLOGY)

- 1. Identification of organs through charts/ Models of the following.
 - a. Digestive system in humans.
 - b. Circulatory system in humans.
 - c. Nervous system in human beings.
 - d. Respiratory system in human beings.
- 2. To study the reproductive organs of a flower.
- 3. To measure the body temperature and observe pulse rate.
- 4. To measure the blood pressure using sphagnometer.
- 5. To show that green plants synthesize carbohydrates.
- 6. To prepare and study the temporary mount of Lactobacillus.
- 7. To study the microorganism in stagnant water under microscope.
- 8. To study Mendelian ratios using pea seeds.

Project work

- a. Preparation of vermin-compost (earth worms).
- b. Making a herbarium (At least 10 aquatic and 10 terrestrial plants).
- c. Effects of water pollution

Or

Air Pollution

Or

Noise pollution

Prescribed Textbook:

A Textbook of Science for Class X Published by J&K Board of School Education.



Maximum:100 MarksTheory:60 marksPractical (Internal):40 MarksTime:2 Hours

Unit – I: IT Basics 10 Marks

Internet World Wide Web, Web Servers, Web Browsers, HTML, Web address, e-mail address, URI, HTTP.

Services available on Internet: Information retrieval, Electronic Mails, Locating sites using search engines and finding people on the net, Chat, Video Conferencing FTP, downloading and Uploading files from or to remote site, Newsgroup.

Unit - II: IT TOOLS

MS-Access 10 Marks

Basic concepts and need for a database. Creating a database, Setting the Primary Key Inserting data into a database, Inserting and deleting fields. Inserting and deleting Records, Data Validation: Field Size, Default Value, Validation Rule, Validation Text, Required, Allow Zero length.

Unit-III: HYPER TEXT MARKUP LANGUAGE

20 Marks

Basic Concept of Web Browsers with emphasis on popular browsers, Internet Explorer and Netscape navigator.

HTML Fundamentals:

Introduction to Web Page Designing using HTML, Creating and saving an HTML document, elements in HTML container and Empty elements, Designing Web pages using the following elements.

HTML, HEAD, TITLE, BODY (Attributes: BACKGROUND, BGCOLOR, TEXT, LINK, ALINK, VLINK, LEFTMARGIN, TOPMARGIN), FONT (Attributes: COLOR, SIZE, FACE), BASEFONT (Attributes: COLOR, SIZE FACE), CENTER, BR (Break) HR, (Horizontal Rule. Attributes: SIZE, WIDTH, ALIGN, NOSHADE, COLOR), COMMENTS; for comments, H1, H6 (Heading), P (Paragraph).B (Bold), I (Italics), U (Underline), UL & OL (Unordered list & Ordered List Attributes: TYPE, START, LI (List Item), Insertion of images using the element IMG (Attributes: SRC, WIDTH, HEIGHT, ALT ALIGN)

Internal and External Linking between Web pages: Significance of linking, A–Element (Attributes: NAME, HREF, TITLE, ALT)

Unit IV – IT Applications

20 Marks

Students are suggested to work on the following areas using Access and HTML on topics implementing the tools covered in the course.

Domains:

Database

Personal Data Management System

Employee Payroll

Stock Inventory

Website Designing

Travel and Tourism

Rule India

Environment and Pollution.

Note:

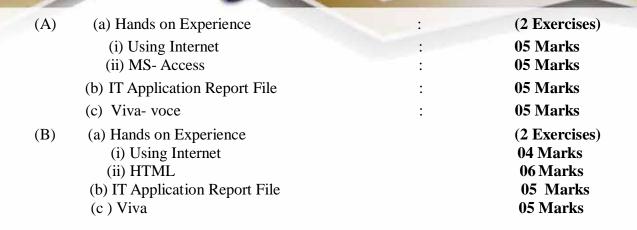
- 1. Teachers are requested to demonstrate some other popular software for word processing. Presentation, Spreadsheet, Database management, System which supports Hindi and/ or some other Indian Language (s). (Leap, Office is an example of Office suit with Indian Language support).
- 2. Students are suggested to prepare some documents/ presentations of their IT Application report file, in Indian Language (s).

PRACTICALS

Internal Practical Paper : 40 Marks

Duration of examination : 3 hours

Distribution of Marks



Design of Practical Question Paper

There is no pre- set question paper provided by the Board for conducting practical examination. This flexibility has been provided to the examiners for the improvement of practical examination, keeping in view the resources and other facilities available in the laboratory of the School. However, detailed instruction on the basis of syllabus, distribution of marks and conduction of practical examination has been provided. Examiners can set the question paper according to the prescribed curriculum and distribution of marks.

(A) (a) Hands on Experience

10 Marks 05 Marks

(i) Using Internet
A problem using Internet

Send e- mail

(ii) MS- Access 05 Marks

A problem in MS Access related to some of the tools given below to be tested during Examination.

Creating an entering data into a database

Setting the primary key.

Data Validation.

Note: Printouts of the documents should be attached with the answer sheets

Note:-Printouts of the documents should be attached with the answer sheets.

(b) IT Application Report file: Students are supposed to marks a IT Application Report File containing real life assignment using.

MS – Access

Documents of MS Access (At least 5)

05 Marks

(c) Viva – voce

05 Marks



(B) Hands- on Experience

10 Marks

(i) Using Internet

04 Marks

A problem using internet.

Searching pm a given topic and collecting relevant information.

(ii) HTML 06 Marks

A problem on Web page designing (Minimum 2 pages) to be given which will cover some of the following HTML elements:

• HTML, HEAD, TITLE, BODY

02 Marks

- FONT
- CENTER, BR, HR, B,I,U,P
- Comments

The students are supposed to know the tools and style for designing the real life applications.

- Designing Web Pages for their School.
- Designing Web Pages for their personal interest.

Break up of Marks (HTML)

Visual effect : 2 Marks
Linking : 2 Marks
Tools used : 2 Marks

Note: Printouts of the documents should be attached with the answer sheets.

(b) IT Application Report File

05 Marks

Students are supposed to mark a IT application Report File containing real life presentations.

Report File must have printouts of the following.

HTML source code along with browsers view (at least 10)

Web Pages (Minimum 5) designed for the school (Both HTML code and the browser view).

(c) Viva 05 Marks

For CWSN (Children with Special Needs)

| Internal assessment | 40 Marks |
|--|----------|
| a. Activities and Project Work | 24 Marks |
| b. Periodic Tests, Portfolio and Viva-voce | 10 Marks |
| c. Note-book and Attendance | 06 Marks |

डोगरी (ऐच्छिक)

क्लास दसवीं

पूर्णांक : 100 समय : 3 घंटे

लिखित परीक्षा : 80 अंक आंतरिक मूल्यांकन : 20 अंक

दसमीं जमातै तगर पुजदे-पुजदे बच्चें गी भाशा दी खरी जानकारी होई जंदी ऐ। जां इ'यां आक्खी लैओ जे बच्चे आपूं पढ़ियै बी विशे दी खरी जानकारी हासल करने च समर्थ होई जंदे न।

पाठ्यक्रम दा उद्देश्श बच्चें अंदर :-

- भाशा दे शुद्ध, सटीक ते प्रभावपूर्ण प्रयोग दी योग्यता करना। i)
- शब्द भंडार च बाद्धा ते उं'दे बनकदे इस्तेमाल दी योग्यता दा विकास करना। ii)
- अर्थबोध कन्नै स्नने ते पढ़ने दी योग्यता दा विकास करना। iii)
- साहित्य दियें बक्ख-बक्ख विधाएं कन्नै परिचित करना। iv)
- चिन्तन शक्ति च बाद्धा करना। v)
- मौखिक अभिव्यक्ति दी योग्यता च बाद्धा करना। vi)
- पढ़ने दी योग्यता दा विकास करना ते रचना कौशल च बाद्धा करना ऐ। vii)

कवतां क)

5×3=15

- खूहै दे डिड्डूं स्रेन्द्र सिंह मन्हास i)
- तवि स्क्केआं नेई विजय वर्मा ii)
- दाज रणधीर सिंह रायप्रिया iii)
- इतिहास इन्द्रजीत केसर iv)
- मंदर रोशन बराल v)

क्हानियां ख)

4×4=16

- मियें दी बाड़ी कृष्ण प्रेम i)
- ते उस कन्न बंद करी ले राजेश्वर सिंह राजू ii)
- भूतां शकुंत दीपमाला iii)
- जै गुरू देव शिव देव सिंह मन्हास iv)

निबंध ग)

4×4=16

- ट्रैफिक जाम ते शैहर बदनाम मोहन सिंह i)
- इंटरनैट च दोस्ती विजय शर्मा ii)
- iii) लोक साहित्य बारै किश ब्नियादी गल्लां - ओम गोस्वामी
- बाबा साहेब डाँ० भीम राव अम्बेडकर राजेश मन्हास iv)

घ) बाल नाटक

13

आओ खेढ़चै – डॉo स्षमा रानी i)

व्याकरण

5×4=20

iii) लिंग बदलो

- i) पर्यायवाची शब्द ii) विलोम शब्द
- iv) बह वचन (वचन बदलो) v) संधि विच्छेद

5

नोट : निर्धारत कताब : 'रुनझ्न' (जम्मू-कश्मीर स्कूली शिक्षा परिशद आसेआ प्रकाशत)

संस्कृत (ऐच्छिक) - Sanskrit (Elective) वर्ग - दशम

पूर्णांक- 100. लिखित परीक्षा- 80 आन्तरिक मूल्यांकन- 20

समय- 3 घण्टे

संस्कृत विश्व की नवाचीनतम भाषाओं में से एक है। किसी भी अन्य भारतीय भाषा की अपेक्षा संस्कृत का साहित्य एवं शब्दकोष अत्यंत समृद्ध है। विद्यार्थियों के सर्वाङ्गीण विकास के लिए संस्कृत का अध्ययन अत्यावश्यक है। विदेशों में भी अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं की अपेक्षा संस्कृत विषय का अध्ययन एवं शोध अधिक किया जा रहा है, इस बात से उपर्युक्त मत की पुष्टि स्वयं ही हो जाती है। अतः निष्कर्ष रूप में कहा जा सकता है कि समग्र भारतीय संस्कृति की संवाहक यदि कोई भाषा है तो वह निश्चित रूप से संस्कृत ही है।

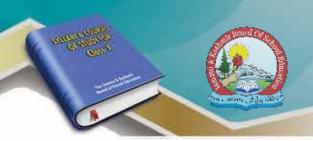
उद्देश्य-

- विद्यार्थियों में शुद्ध उच्चारण, सस्वर वाचन एवं लेखन की योग्यता विकसित करना।
- छात्रों में अर्थबोध के साथ-साथ संस्कृत समझने की योग्यता में वृद्धि करना।
- 3. संस्कृत शब्द ज्ञान में वृद्धि करना।
- संस्कृत शब्दरूपावली के ज्ञान में वृद्धि करना।
- संस्कृत धातुरूपावली के ज्ञान में वृद्धि करना।
- छात्रों में संस्कृत साहित्य के प्रति अनुराग उत्पन्न करना |
- छात्रों में संस्कृत सम्भाषण की योग्यता विकसित करना।
- छात्रों में संस्कृत अनुवाद के कौशल का विकास करना।

गद्य - पद्य, लोकोक्तियां तथा व्याकरण -

- पाठ्य-पुस्तक- सरल संस्कृत शिक्षक, भाग २ भारतीय विद्याभवन, बम्बई द्वारा प्रकाशित ।
- सुबोध संस्कृत व्याकरण अथवा प्रदीप व्याकरण

| | 3 | |
|----|---|-----|
| | पाठ्यक्रम. | अंक |
| 1. | गद्य भाग- निर्धारित पुस्तक के पाठ 6-10 (छ: से दस) | 15 |
| | शब्द अर्थ- निर्धारित पुस्तक के पाठ 6-10 (छ: से दस). | 15 |
| | सुभाषित- पाठ ग्यारह | 15 |
| | लोकोक्तियां- पाठ बारह. | 15 |
| 5. | बाला, लता, मति, नदी, फल, पुस्तक शब्दों के विभक्तिरूप. | 10 |
| | लिख बद पा (पिब), चल धातुओं के रूप. | 10 |



पाठ्यक्रम के आधार पर निम्न प्रकार के प्रश्न पुछे जाएं :-

- 1. 6 से 10 तक के पाठों में से तीन गद्यांशो का हिन्दी में अनुवाद
- 2. 6 से 10 तक के पाठों में से 15 शब्दों का अर्थ।
- 3. पाठ्य पुस्तक के ग्यारहवें पाठ से तीन पद्यों की सरल व्याख्या।
- 4. पाठ वारह से तीन लोकोक्तियों की व्याख्या।
- 5. पाठ्यक्रम में लिखित शब्दों में से किन्हीं दो शब्दों की रुपावली (सभी विभक्तियों में।)
- 6. पाठ्यक्रम में लिखित धातुओं में से किन्हीं दो धातुओं के रूप अलग-अगल लकारों में।

विशेष

प्रत्येक प्रश्न में 50 से 100 प्रतिशत तक की छूट अनिवार्य है। उदाहरणतः विद्यार्थियों से यदि दो गद्यांशो अथवा दो पद्यांशो का अनुवाद अथवा व्याख्या अपेक्षित है तो प्रश्न में दो से अधिक गद्यांश अथवा पद्यांश पूछे जायेंगे इसी प्रकार अन्य प्रश्नों में भी छूट आवश्यक है।



र्चर्धिना यहें द्रान्नु नडु मदे ह्यें न सळद्रा

| র্কুনা-ইন-বৃষ্ণ-জন্ম বৃদ-র্ক্তনাশ-গ্রী-বৃদ্ধিন্য বৃষ্ণ-ড্যুব্যক্ত-স্কর্ | 80 20 3 | Theory Paper(Text book) Internal Assessment= Time= | 80 Marks 20 Marks 3 Hours | |
|--|---------------|--|---------------------------------|--|
| গু ইন্স্ব 30 Prose Section- 30 ৪১ ইন্স্বেড্র্ 20 Poetry Section- 20 ৪১ বহার্স্ব্র 30 Grammar Section- 30 | | | | |
| १२ क्रेन्'ञ्चन Prose Section 30 Marks रूर ने क्रेंन्'क्रेन देन क्र प्रिंट् परि ना नुवाना वा क्रिन् क्रुन | | | | |
| १ के क्रा चे द प्राप्त क्रिंग प्राप्त क्रिंग क्रा क्रिंग क्रा क्रिंग क्रेंग क्रिंग क्रेंग क्रिंग | | | | |
| ३ र् र् ने स्वार्धित रेन विराधित किया श्रुया यो श्लेय किया विरोधित किया यो स्वार्थ किया यो यो स्वार्थ किया यो यो स्वार्थ किया यो यो यो यो यो | | | | |
| श्रें न'नेन'द्रम'द्रेशनान्य व्यक्ष'द्रेश व्यक्ष'द्र्या व्यक्ष'द्रेश व्यवक्ष'द्रेश | | | | |

8

() र्श्वेन'नेन'वर'र्षेन्'मर्दे'क्केम्'नकु'ल'नई्न'म'दन्ने'न्वेश

Scheme of Assessment

नेशळ्ट्यन्त्रम्याया

ঠিবাঞ্জুবা (Prose)

- १ ने वेज्ञरान्त्रन्द्र्यानी:इन्ज्
- ४) र्रेग-रदे-रयनानी-र्य-भ्रम्यश विना-र्ट-र्स्
- ३) र्रेग-रदे-रश्चानी-रीश-भैचन्ना विचानिश्चानी
- च.र्येथाश.र्थ.यर.क्र्अ.रेर.क्षेत्रा
- ५) विदःसम्
- ৌ বর্ছ হবমা
- यो इ.रमे.र्रेब.रम् क्षेम.र्रेवा क्षुमा
- 1) श्रेन् मदे विक्र वे
- () यान्वायासु अधियायु साम्वी के साम्यास्या
- १०) वहःशेषया
- ११) यम् नर्जे

র ব্লিম্মান্ডর্য্ Poetry Section 20 Marks

१ र्ने स्ट्रिंगळ्द्रव्र्यंत्र्यं क्षेत्र्यं क्षेत्र्यं क्षेत्र्यं व्यव्यान्यः विष्यं व्यव्यान्यः विष्यं

१) रःगीःश्चनःळ्वःवःर्धःन्यदेःळेगःनवःईस्यःर्यःगशुक्षःग्रीःवःवशः

३ वेजान्यायन वर्षे ख्री वरावशावह ते देव वेश हे वर्षे द्राया वर्षे हु। 4

Scheme of Assessment

नेशक्राम्याया

ঠ্রবাশ্বর্ণ Poetry Section

ररावी र्श्वेच रेच बरार्थे र पदे वा निया वा निया के वा ना च निया

१ रे विरःश्व

४) र्यट्यास्यास्य

३) नेशर्यार्श्रानु

< } अंश्रय:५८:खुश्|

५) वश्चित्रःअगुर्

७) गामन्

ग्रे थि.र्स्या.पर्या

रो शुःरेणःग

७) न्यस्याम्बुरा

१०) स.श्चे.ज्यायायन्त्री

११) ক্রিঅ-র্ম-প্রবাশ-গ্রী-বশ্বর-বর্তুশা

११ देर ने गञ्चेरा



মৃত্যু Grammar Section 30 Marks

| 27 | न्हेंन्'न्नि'न्निते'क्र्यंक्र्यं निष्यां निःक्रेंन्'न्य'न्निन्यं | 5 |
|-----|---|---|
| 37 | धी.यो.र्ट्रक्षेष्रं धि.योद्धेश्व.त्रश्चा वियो.पत्ती.र्ट्यूश् | 5 |
| 37 | श्रीत्र मिले र्श्वेत पहुना न्दर हे अप्यहुना नी से र्श्वे अप्वेदर से ना अप्ती प्यो में रेश | |
| | वहें व छे न छू। | 5 |
| حکر | यर्या.यावय.म्.विर.तर्रिश.याश्वेश.र्रर.चि.मुर्जायश्वात्रश्वात्रश् | |
| | ग्रेन'में भूर'दर्ने र्नेश | 5 |
| 47 | र्वे धिवा न पुरुष यप्तरूष पाय यह वा सबे प्रमेर नहें प्रमुख प्याप स् | |
| | याविरावार्गविशात्यार्भातायायह्वारावेर्न्येरावर्ह्नायहायवीया | 5 |
| 63 | বাদ্যান্ত্রী-বৃত্ত্রী-রুদ্রক্ষান্ত্রী-প্রিক্তির ক্রিক্তার্ক্ষান্ত্রী-ক্রিক্তা | 5 |

Scheme of Assessment

नेशक्रन्यह्याया

বহু শ্ব্ৰীব্য Grammar Section

- १) भेराम्बिदे से से सामेर से मार्थ प्रीप्त हो ना
- १) र्वेद्यत्ह्नानी र्वे सादेट र्वे स्वित हुन्य। यट र्वट या निर्मा स्वादेट र्वे स्वित हुन्य।
- ३) हेशप्रह्मामी सें सर्वेट सें नडश शे देव प्रत्यामेश शे प्रे न कार्क्य
- < रेश.योशिषान्ती.क्षा.रेनु.भूर.क्षा.तो



- () यनवा.वाबव.रट.च.चुर.जश.वाश्याची:भूरा
- ७) गहरान्धेवे र्भून
- ग्रे इय.श.श.इं.५८.क्.क्श
- र्रे ई्नाः द्धेन

Books Prescribed এইঅ'অঁহ্'ৰ্ফ্ক্ৰ্যুন'ইনা

- Class X Bhoti Text Book Published by Jammu & Kashmir Board of School Education.
- यः न्यायः से प्रस्य विष्य विष्यः स्त्राप्त विष्यः स
- Grammar Book, Norbu's Rgyan
 By Prof. Jamyang Gyaltsen.

बुर:नक्षुवे:न्वे:न्ना

१) श्रे.पे.प्रंचित्रक्षेत्रःश्रेत्रःश्रेत्रःश्रेत्रःश्रेत्रः। श्रे.पे.प्रंचित्रक्षेत्रःश्रेत्रःश्रेत्रःश्रेत्रः।





ਪੰਜਾਬੀ (Punjabi) (ਔਪਸ਼ਨਲ)

ਜਮਾਤ-ਦਸਵੀਂ (10ਵੀਂ)

ਕੁੱਲ ਅੰਕ-100

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਪੱਤਰ-80

ਸਮਾਂ : 3 ਘੰਟੇ

ਇੰਟਰਨਲ ਅਸੈਸਮੈਂਟ-20

ਦਸਵੀਂ ਜਮਾਤ ਦੇ ਪਾਠਕ੍ਰਮ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਸਾਰਾ ਪਾਠਕ੍ਰਮ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਇਆ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ। ਇਸ ਵਿਚ 80 ਅੰਕ, ਸਲਾਨਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ-ਪੱਤਰ ਲਈ ਹੋਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ 20 ਅੰਕ, ਇੰਟਰਨਲ ਅਸੈਸਮੈਂਟ (Enternal Assesment) ਲਈ ਹੋਣਗੇ। ਇਸ ਲਈ ਅਧਿਆਪਕਾਂ ਲਈ ਇਹ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਉਹ ਨਿਸ਼ਚਿਤ ਵਿੱਧੀ ਨੂੰ ਅਧਾਰ ਬਣਾਕੇ, ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਾਠਕ੍ਰਮ ਦੀ ਤਿਆਰੀ ਕਰਵਾਉਣ।

ਕਵਿਤਾ-ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ-ਗਗਨ ਮੈ ਥਾਲ...॥

ਸ਼ਾਹ ਹੁਸੈਨ-ਮੇਰੇ ਸਾਹਿਬਾ ਮੈਂ ਤੇਰੀ ਹੋ ਮੁੱਕੀਆਂ...।

ਸ਼ਿਵ ਕਮਾਰ ਬਟਾਲਵੀ-ਰੱਖ

ਉਜਾਗਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਮਹਿਕ-ਨੇਕ ਦਿਲ ਬੱਚਾ

ਨੰਦ ਲਾਲ ਨੂਰ ਪੂਰੀ-ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੀ ਧਰਤੀ

ਲੋਕ ਗੀਤ (ਘੋੜੀਆਂ)-ਹਾਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਸੰਗਲ ਤੇਰਾ ਬਾਪ ਫੜੇ

(2) ਸਿਹਰੇ ਦਾ ਮੁੱਲ।

ਨੋਟ :- ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਭਾਗ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਹੇਠਲੇ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਧਾਰ 'ਤੇ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣਗੇ :-

- 1. ਕਿਸੇ ਇਕ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗ ਸਹਿਤ ਵਿਆਖਿਆ
- 2. ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ
- 3. ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਸਾਰ
- 4. ਕਵੀ ਦਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਸਥਾਨ ਅਤੇ ਦੇਣ। (20 ਅੰਕ)



ਵਾਰਤਕ :- ਗੁਰਬਖਸ਼ ਸਿੰਘ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਲੜੀ-ਮਾਂ

ਪ੍ਰੋ: ਸੇਵਾ ਸਿੰਘ-ਦੋਸਤੀ ਰਾਮਤੀ

ਨੋਟ :- ਵਾਰਤਕ ਭਾਗ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਇਸ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਰ ਹੋਣਗੇ :-

- 1. ਲੇਖ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ
- 2. ਲੇਖ ਦਾ ਉਦੇਸ਼/ਸਾਰ
- 3. ਵਾਰਤਕ (ਲੇਖ) ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖ ਵਿਚਾਰ।
- 4. ਵਾਰਤਕ ਦੀ ਜੀਵਨੀ ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਦੇਣ।

(ਅੰਕ 20)

ਕਹਾਣੀ :-

ਨਾਨਕ ਸਿੰਘ-ਤਾਸ਼ ਦੀ ਆਦਤ। ਕੰਵਲ ਕਸ਼ਮੀਰੀ-ਕਿਸ਼ਨਗੋਪੀ ਦਾ ਪਰਤ ਆਉਣਾ ਖਾਲਿਦ ਹੁਸੈਨ-ਮੈਲੀ ਧੁੱਪ ਸੜਕ ਸੁਰਖਿਆ (ਲੇਖ)

ਨੋਟ :- ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦੇ ਭਾਗ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜੲਣਗੇ :-

- 1. ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ/ਪਲਾਟ
- 2. ਕਹਾਣੀ ਵਿਚਲੇ ਪਾਤਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਪਾਤਰ ਚਿਤੁਣ
- 3. ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਸਾਰ/ਉਦੇਸ਼
- 4. ਕਹਾਣੀਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਤੇ ਰਚਨਾ ਸੰਬਧੀ ਚਰਚਾ।

(ਅੰਕ ੨●)

ਇਕਾਂਗੀ :-

ਦੇਵਿੰਦਰ ਵਿਸ਼ਵਨਾਗਰਿਕ-ਕੈਦੀ ਅਰਜਨ ਸਿੰਘ

ਨੋਟ :- ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦੇ ਭਾਗ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਜਾਣਗੇ :-

- 1. ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ/ਪਲਾਟ
- 2. ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦਾ ਉਦੇਸ਼/ਸਾਰ



- 3. ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦੇ ਪਾਤਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਪਾਤਰ ਚਿਤ੍ਰਣ
- 4. ਇਕਾਂਗੀਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿਚ ਦੇਣ

(10 ਅੰਕ)

ਵਿਆਖਿਆ :-

ਨਿਬੰਧ (ਸੋਸ਼ਲ ਮੀਡੀਆ, ਪ੍ਰਦੂਸ਼ਣ ਦੀ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ, ਨਸ਼ਾਖੋਰੀ ਦੀ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ) ਪੱਤਰ/ਅਰਜੀ

ਅਖਾਣ।

ਨੋਟ :- ਨਿਬੰਧ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਕੋਈ ਇਕ ਨਿਬੰਧ ਲਿਖੋ।

(10 ਅੰਕ)

Book Prescribed :-

ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਪਾਠ-ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦਸਵੀਂ ਸ਼੍ਰੇਣੀ (10ਵੀਂ) ਦੁਆਰਾ–ਜੰਮੂ–ਕਸ਼ਮੀਰ ਬੋਰਡ ਆਫ਼ ਸਕੂਲ ਐਜੁਕੇਸ਼ਨ।

ਪਾਠਕ੍ਰਮ ਲਈ ਅਧਾਰਤ ਪੁਸਤਕ :

ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ

Persian

There shall be one theory paper of 80 marks of 3 hours duration and 20 marks will be for internal assessment/ viva to be carried by the subject teacher.

for 10th Class انتخابات فارسی Selected Chapters from Persian Text Book

Prescribed by the JKBOSE are as under:

حصہ نثر Prose Portion

حصہ نظم Poetry Portion

حصہ گرائیمر Grammar Portion

مزكر ومونث (Genders)،

معنى الفاظ (Word Meanings) ،

واحد وجمع (Singular Plurals) ،

واژه هامے متضاد(Opposites)،

گردان فعل ماضی، / ستاک حال (Conjugation of past tense / future tense)

Scheme Of Assessment

| A: | Language | 10 Marks |
|----|--------------------------|----------|
| B: | Effective Writing Skills | 15 Marks |
| C: | Applied Grammar | 15 Marks |
| D: | Literature | 40 Marks |

Section A: Language 10 Marks

Q1: Translation of Five out of Seven Persian sentences into Urdu/ English / Hindi $5 \times 1 = 5$

Q2: Translation of Five out of Seven Urdu/ English / Hindi sentences into Persian $5 \times 1 = 5$



Section B: Effective Writing Skills

15 Marks

- Q3: Five questions of one mark each will be asked out of six questions. $5 \times 1 = 5$
- Q4: To write the meanings of five Persian words into Urdu/ English / Hindi and make their sentences in Persian. $5 \times 1 = 5$
- Q5: To write the genders, singular/ Plurals and opposites of 10 words out of 12 words.

 $10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 5$

Section C: Applied Grammar 15 Marks

- Q6: Conjugation of two infinitives out of three with respect to past tense. $2 \times 3 = 6$
- Q7: Conjugation of two infinitives out of three with respect to future tense. $2 \times 3 = 6$
- Q8: Correction of three simple sentences. $1 \times 3 = 3$

Section D: Literature 40 Marks

Q9: Translation of any three out of four Persian passages Urdu/ English / Hindi

 $1 \times 5 = 15$

Q10: Translation of any two given Persian Verses into Urdu / English / Hindi

 $2\times4=8$

Q11: Translation and explanation with reference to the context of any two Persian verses out of three from the poetry portion of the prescribed text book into Urdu / English /

Hindi. $2\times6=12$

Q12: One objective type question of 5 MCQ's based on Persian Literature information.

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

Internal Assessment (20 Marks)

Apart from the prescribed textbook, the subject teachers can plan their own activities and create their own material for assessing the listening, reading, writing and speaking skills and they should be evaluated throughout the academic session. It may include:

- (i) Pen Paper Test
- (ii) Periodic Tests / Participation in Talks Discussions and Role Play/ Presentation on given situational topics etc.
- (iii) Project work like a short essay on any given topic or topics in Persian language.
- (iv) Attendance and active participation of the students.

ARABIC

Book Prescribed: أساسُ العربية الجرُ الثاني

Max Marks: 100 [80 (Theory) + 20 (Internal Assessment)]

2. نثر: Marks Prose Section شعر 2. 50 Marks Prose Section

20 Marks Grammar قواعداللغة

4. الاختبارالداخلي Internal Assessment

These Lessons from the prescribed textbook:

حصه نثر: البيت؛ الأسرة؛ المدرسة؛ أسماء شهور السنة؛ السُوق؛ القطار

حصه شعر: أسماء الايام؛ "احبابى" و"قلبى"

حصة قواعد اللغة: الفعل الماضى؛ العدد من الواحد و العشر؛ التراكيب المتعددة في دروس النثر مثلا أسماء الإشارة للقديد وليعدد؛ المتداء الحد؛ المُضاف والمضاف المه

Arabic: 10th

Paper: (Additional / optional)

Max Marks: 100 (Theory 80 Marks + Internal Assessment 20)

The paper shall have four sections with the weightage of marks shown against each section:

Section A: Reading Comprehension 20 Marks
Section B: Writing Skills 20 Marks
Section C: Grammar 20 Marks
Section D: Literature 20 Marks

Scheme of Assessment

Section A:

1. Paragraph / passage reading which is followed by six questions from which the students will have to answer only five questions. Each question will carry 4 marks $4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks}$

Section B:

It will comprise of three questions (2, 3, and 4)

- 2. It will be based on translation from English /Urdu to Arabic. The students will require to translate five sentences and each sentence will carry two marks. $2 \times 5 = 10$ marks
- 3. It will be a fill up type question with three fill ups and each carrying 2 marks. $2 \times 3 = 6$ marks
- 4. It will be based on correction of four incorrect sentences each carrying one mark. It will have four marks in total. $4 \times 1 = 4$ marks

Section C:

It will have three questions (5, 6 and 7)

- 5. It will be based on definitions and illustration of grammatical terms. $5 \times 1 = 5$ marks
- 6. It will be internally divided into two parts: Part-I and Part-II

 Part-I of question No 6 will be based on conjugation of verbs in past tense.

 5 marks

 Part-II of question No 6 will be based on names of days of the week/ months of the year / numbers from 1 to 10.

 5 marks
- 7. It will be based on the translation from Arabic to English / Urdu of five miscellaneous sentences selected from the prose section of the prescribed textbook. $5 \times 1 = 5$ marks

Section D:

- It will be based on literature. It will comprise of four questions (8,9,10 & 11)
- 8. Based on translation of Arabic prose passage taken from the prescribed textbook. The students will be asked to translate the given Arabic passage into Urdu / English.

 10 marks
- 9. It is based on explanation of verses taken from poetry section of the textbook.

 5 marks
- 10. It is based on multiple choice questions. The students will be asked to select two correct options from the given options. $1 \times 2 = 2$ marks
- 11. It will be based on three fill ups. The content will be selected from the prose part of the textbook. $1 \times 3 = 3$ marks

Internal Assessment of Class 10th Arabic: 20 Marks.

The internal assessment of 20 marks from lesson No 1 to lesson No 10 from the textbook will be carried out by the subject teacher during the entire academic session. The subject teacher will gauge the achievements of the students through different activities based on Listening, Writing, Speaking and Reading skills. The activities will comprise of discussions, presentations, role play, dialogues, viva-voice, instant translation assignments etc. The assessment will be divided into two intervals carrying 10 marks each.

وكه ترْ عِكَانْط نبر100 (20 + 80)



جماتھ: ؤہم KASHMIR



نصاب برائے شمیری ايريل 2023مارچ 2023

ينم مضمؤنيه بايته چھِ گُل ١٠٠ انمبر مشخص تفاوينه آمتي - ييو منز 80 نمبر Theory بايته يته 20 نمبر Internal Assessment مختص چھ تھاونہ آمتی ۔

ذبني مطالعهه: - " ژوروغاً ردري اقتباسومنز اكبه اقتباسك دينه آئتي سوال حل كرني - يم سوال مهكن وجيه يا محمي أسته صحيح 15 جواب ژارِ نی ، اعلی احکام یانیه ناوِ نی مضد یا ہم معنی الفاظئز کیٹر فی ۔امیہ علاوہ مکن یم سوال مباحثن بتہ تجزین پېڅونة مشمل أستھ۔

گرُ امر: ۔ گرُ امرِ کر اصول پاناً وِتھ بونی مین عُنصر ن ہِنْز وہر دھئے کر نی:۔

ا۔ مثالبہ دِتھ وضاحت کر فی :۔

ناۇت ية إمكونتم - كال مفظن مېند د قتم، گو دِلْكُويته يته لِكُو (2)

٢ بُمله بته امه كين قسمن ببنز وضاحت كر في _ (2 نمبر)

٣- كأشرى تلييحة تمن بهنز وضاحت كري في _ (2نبر)

٧- كأشربن مصوتن يمضمتن بينز وبرد هن كرني-(2نبر)

(2نبر) ۵ ـ پرُ بِرْ نِ مُنْد معنه بته تِهُنْد استعال ـ

نصابي كتابه منز: وينه آمة متوبيه ووده متولفظن مندك شعرى ينشرى اقتباسه منز بنه آمتى سوال حل كرفي _

يم سوال مهكن يك لفظي ،الفاظ معني ،مركزي خيالن يا موضوعن نسبت پر ژهينه وتھ (10 نمبر)

سكؤلى بجن مهكن وكهر علمي يترشعري عضرن متعلق سوال پر ژهينه وته-(10 نمبر)

امه علاو آسه شأعرن،اديبن متعلق تېنز زندگي پته اد يې کارنامن متعلق تفصيله سان باوته کړنی په (10 نمبر) نثرى ية شعرى صفن متعلق خلاصم، خألى جايه نصاً بي سوال ية مختلف صنفن متعلق يتراسم وضاحت كرفر ـ

(10 نمبر)

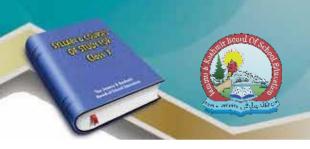
تخليقي تحرير: - ا - دِنهِ آمتين موضوعن متعلق أكس موضوعس پيڙه تفصيله سان كمُهن -(5نبر)

(5نبر) ٢ - كُنه أكس موضوعس تحت اكبه دُليليه بِهنز وضاحة سان باوته كر في -

٣ ـ درخاس بالجثير بيتر كبهجني _ (5نبر)

Internal Assessment

(5نبر) جمأ زر كھأے / ؤ ہومنز داہ يركھاييە ۾ِنْز بنيا دَكَرُ ھِنصاً بي سوالن ،گر امرس بير نُغت سازي پېڙه بني آ سِنى ۔



ا۔ نوٹ بُک جمع کرِ نر اوُ ہومنزِ داہ سکؤ لی بچن نِش تھاوہ بیہِ تو قع زِتم کرن گرِ گلی مثق کر نیہ علادِ نوٹ بُک نتہ تیار۔ Assessment ہیکیہ یمن بُدیاً زن پیڑھ اُستھ۔ پابندی چھیل نتہ صاف گو بی

عودٍ وبن عنهِ پينيم مرتط پاڻون بنرن مام رعبهِ وهـ-نصابي کتابه منز کرتھ۔ يمن ہنز تفصيل ينميه آيه اُس

جُو:۔ مثق

بوزن ترْ اے:۔ لوکچہ لوکچہ کتھ ہؤ زتھ تمن پیٹھ غور خوض کرئن

بولن تر اے:۔ مکالمہ نگاری، بحث، تقریر، سوال جواب، پرُ ن، کتھ باتھ، پیر

نصاب: كأشركتاب بايته ديم جماته

تياركرده: جمول تشمير بورد آف سكول ايجوكيش

حضرت بُلبُل شاُه ۔ کُشیر مِندک موسم ، شالبهِ ماریةِ نشاط باغ ، شگر بهاری ، کینْهه شعرِ صِنفهِ ، ماکی سِنز پخشی کورمِندِ نادِ ، تماشهِ ، نکھ (افسانهِ) ہود ہر ، شُر بن مِندِ با پتھ لگه کتھِ ، الاگ یتم بوگ آ و پوت پھیرِتھ (ڈرامہ) ۔ نعت ، شہید کر بلا، لہلا ، شخ غزلہ ، ستھ نظمم زمننوی



WORK EXPERIENCE

M. Marks: 100

(The teacher will evaluate the students throughout the academic session)

The nature of essential activities at the secondary stage (Classes IX - X) will remain the same as proposed for class VI to VIII. However, their complexity will increase by adding more dimensions with a definite prevocational focus and on the job work.

- 1) Use of bus and railway time tables.
- 2) Milking of dairy animals.
- 3) Reception work in school.
- 4) Preparation & distribution of midday meal/snacks in composite schools.
- 5) Preparation of teaching aids preferable low cost/ no cost teaching/ learning material and equipment for self and lower classes.
- 6) Helping school authorities in organizing exhibitions, picnics, tour and excursions etc.
- 7) First aid activities like counting of pulse, taking of temperature and bandaging of wounds after their cleaning.
- 8) Helping traffic police regulation of traffic.
- 9) Plantation of shady/ fuel, ornamental/avenue trees.
- 10) Preparation of family budget and maintenance of daily household accounts
- 11) Acquaintance with common fertilizers and practices and their application with appropriate equipment.
- 12) Acquaintance with common pests and plant diseases and use of simple chemical and plant protection equipment.
- 13) Handling farm animals for feeding, washing or general examination.
- 14) Preparation of soak- pit for collecting liquid from the cattle shed.
- 15) Studying the nutrition and health status of people in a village/city, slum/tribal area.
- 16) Helping in community programmes and enhancing the nutrition. Health and environmental statusof the community through door-to-door contact programmes.
- 17) Digging branch latrines during festivals and maintaining them hygienically.
- 18) Participation in adult literacy programmes.
- 19) Helping in child- care.
- 20) Volunteer work in hospital and fairs, floods and famines and in an accident, etc

Note: Work practice at this stage may also take the form of project with sequential activities relating to vocations in production or services sector. Each student should be required to take two projects in andoutside the school, depending upon the availability of resources and time. Students should be required in and outside the school depending upon the



availability of resource and time, select project in such a waythat at least two need areas are covered. The projects should provide vocational orientation.

A list of projects is given below

- 1. Raising of flowers, vegetables, plants and their seedlings in nurseries.
- 2. Repair and maintenance of equipment for plant protection.
- 3. Prefabrication of irrigation channels.
- 4. Developing plants by vegetative propagation- budding, grafting, cutting, layering, etc.
- 5. Raising poultry birds (1) for eggs, (2) for table purposes.
- 6. Making bakery and confectionery products.
- 7. Food preservation making of jam, jelly, tomato, ketchup pickles.
- 8. Project relating to non-conventional sources of energy Sun, wind, tides, bio-gas, etc.
- 9. Cookery skills.
- 10. Bee keeping, bottling and marketing of honey.
- 11. Silkworm rearing for sale or yarn making.
- 12. Mushroom cultivation for consumption, preservation or sale.
- 13. Fish rearing in small ponds.
- 14. Post harvest technology and safe storage of food grains.
- 15. Use of bacterial fertilizers.
- 16. Preparation of milk products.
- 17. Plant protection against pests and diseases.
- 18. Soil testing reclamation measures.
- 19. Preparation of stationery items such as files, file-boards, registers, writing pads, stamping ink, etc.
- 20. Toeing and dyeing and screen- printing as commercial ventures.
- 21. Garment making
- 22. Repair and maintenance of domestic electrical gadgets.
- 23. Preparing electric extension boards for use in home/school or for sale.
- 24. Motor winding as trade.
- 25. Photography- commercial.
- 26. Preparation of decoration pieces of a more sophisticated nature out of Plaster of Paris.
- 27. Mat and carpet weaving.
- 28. Doll- making.
- 29. Hand embroidery.
- 30. Typewriting with adequate proficiency.

HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

Health Education

- 1) To develop favourable attitude towards good health habits.
- 2) To prepare the individual for contribution towards the solution of common health problems.
- 3) To prepare the individual to contribute to environmental hygiene.
- 4) To develop active in good posture, exercise, rest, sleep, & food.
- 5) To develop favourable for participating in immunization programmes.
- 6) To develop favourable attitude to observe safety rules in and out of home.
- 7) To develop favourable attitudes towards health living through observance of health habits and such practices that contributes to good health.
- 8) To acquaint the individual with harmful effects of smoking, drinking and abuse of drugs.
- 9) To develop favourable attitude to cooperate with health, police and other organizations in the interest of efficient service to the community.
- 10) To enable the individual to make right decision relating to principles and practices of consumer health.
- 11) To enable the individual to practice and acceptable health habit and shun from practices and habits, like smoking, drinking etc.

Physical Education

- 1) To promote physical fitness and organic efficiency.
- 2) To develop awareness regarding importance of physical fitness and organic efficiency in individual and social life.
- 3) To develop awareness regarding transfer of fundamental process to physical activities of one's choice.
- 4) To develop interest in exercise, sports and games for self- satisfaction in present later life.
- 5) To enable an individual to give evidence of talent and such traits as self- mastery, discipline, courage, confidence and efficiency.
- 6) To enable an individual to display sense of responsibility, patriotism, self- sacrifice and service to the community in a better way.
- 7) To develop awareness to good posture so that one may strive to maintain good posture.
- 8) To enable an individual to lead an enthusiastic and active life.
- 9) To enable an individual to practise socially acceptable behaviour pattern in an impressive manner.



There shall be one paper of 100 Marks.

(The teacher will evaluate the students throughout the academic session)

1. Personal Health

Signs and symptoms of diseases, desirable practices to prevent diseases AIDS and Venerable diseases.

2. Environment Health

- (i) Protection of water against contamination.
- (ii) Use of water for drinking and cooking.
- (iii) Air; factors of air pollution.

3. Food and Nutrition

Balanced diet from locally available food; food habits; healthy cooking practices; food preservation and conservation.

4. Control of Diseases

Participating in popularization of immunized programme, precautions against communicable diseases and epidemics, participating in naturalization of natural calamities like floods, droughts, cyclones, etc.

5. Consumer Education

Making wise decision in respect of various consumer products on the basis of their claims the form of advertisement; developing skills of distinguishing between a quack and a medical practitioner.

6. First – Aid Home Nursing

Various steps of safety, first – aid home nursing.

- (a) Organisation of first aid teams.
- (b) Preparing and using first aid kit.
- (c) Participation in safety measure against fire, air- aids and other measures. Knowledge of causes and condition of athletic injuries and developing code of conduct for safety and safety measures.

7. Physical Education

1. Athletics

- a) Repetition of skills & techniques of the events learnt in the previous class.
- b) Hurdles 110 m. Low (3 height), Warming up exercises, running over the sticks, setting leading action.
- c) Conditioning Specializing; Sprints; endurance run jumps, throw.



MAJOR GAMES (ANY TWO)

1. Badminton

- (a) Repetition of skill learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Drills to develop techniques of spin service, flat Service; floating; pushing; drop.
- (c) Game practice.

2. Basket - Ball

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Practicing drills and offensive and defensive.
- (c) Positional play.
- (d) Training for endurance and speed.

3. Cricket

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Specific drills to develop offensive and defensive tactics.
- (c) Training Endurance
- (d) Practice matches.

4. Foot - Ball

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Specific drills to develop techniques kicking; Trapping, Shooting into goal, Dribbling, Goal Keeping.
- (c) Position play pushing, Kicking, Dribbling, Scooping, Goal Keeping, Goal Shooting.
- (d) Positional play.
- (e) Offensive and defensive tactics- Training- Endurance, Speed & Moves.
- (f) Training for endurance and speed.
- (g) Regulation.

5. Hand Ball

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Specific drills to develop techniques- passing, Shooting, Goalkeeping, Blocking.
- (c) Offensive and defensive tactics.
- (d) Positional play.
- (e) Training to develop different moves, speed and endurance.
- (f) Regulation games.

no areas allesing

6. Hockey

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Specific drills to develop Techniques, Passing, Hitting.

7. Kabaddi

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Specific drills to develop techniques.
- (c) Offensive and defensive tactics.
- (d) Regulation game.

8. Kho-Kho

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Skills single and double chain dodging.
- (c) Practice of skills.
- (d) Regulation game.

9. Volley-Ball

- (a) Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Skills Passing
 - (i) Upper hands pass and turn.
 - (ii) Upper hands pass with back and side roll.
 - (iii) Blocking.
- (c) Positional play.
- (d) Offensive and defensive tactics.
- (e) Regulation game.

BOYS

II. Gymnastics:

Repetition of skills learnt in the previous class:

A. Skills part

Floor Exercises:

- 1. Combination of previously learnt exercises.
- 2. Flip flop through teaching stages with the help of a teacher.
- 3. Forward salto with take off from the spring board.

Note: Skill No 2 & 3 should only be taught keeping in view the capability of an individual.

Parallel Bars

- (i) Upper arm swing.
- (ii) Back upraise.
- (iii) Up start.
- (iv) Swing in support position.

Vaulting Horse

- (i) Mastery over the teaching stage of straddle vault on long Horse.
- (ii) Complete straddle vault on long Horse.

Horizontal Bar

- (i) One leg up- start.
- (ii) One leg circle backward.

C. Conditioning Exercises

This aspect should in include various exercises to develop strength, endurance, speed, agility, flexibility and coordination.

GIRLS

Gymnastics:

Repetition of skills learned in the previous class.

A. Skill Part

Floor Exercises

- 1) Mastery over the previously learnt skills with emphasis on dancing movements incorporating with music.
- 2) Flic- flac through various teaching stage keeping in view the capability of an individual.

Balancing Beams

- 1) Combination of various movements.
- 2) Various kinds of jumps on balancing beam.
- 3) Straddle legs sitting on balancing beam.

Vaulting Horse

- 1. Mastery over the various stages of handspring.
- 2. Complete handspring, keeping in view the capability of an individual.

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B. Conditioning Exercises:

This aspect should include various exercises to develop strength, endurance, speed, flexibility agility, rhythm and coordination.

III. Yogic Exercises

- 1. Shalabhasan
- 2. Garabhasan
- 3. Naukasan
- 4. Shirshasan
- 5. Hjoolasan
- 6. Brishabhasan
- 7. Oordh Sarvangasan
- 8. Hast-Padangushasan
- 9. Uttan-Kooramasan
- 10. Surya–Namaskarm

IV. Combative

A. Wrestling

- 1. Repeating the previous skills learnt in the previous classes.
- 2. Pinning holds.
- (a) Single arm roll
- (b) Single arm roll with one leg.
- (c) Double arm roll from underneath.
- (d) Cradle.
- (e) Crought lift.
- (f) Break down and counter for above holds
- 3. Regulation Bouts

I. B. Dagger Fight (Jambia)

- (a) Repetition on the strokes and defense skills learnt in the previous class.
- (b) Stroke to a part of the body and defense. Fight after dagger release.
- (c) Repetition on the strokes and defense skills learnt in the previous class.
- (d) Stroke to a part of the body and defense.
- (e) Fight after dagger release.
- (f) Demonstration fight.

(g) VI. JUDO

- 1. History and its Developments.
- 2. Rules of the Judo.
- 3. Conditioning.
- 4. Purpose & methods of Randori/ Yakshoku- Rensho.

Skills

- 1. Thanai Goshi (Spring Hip Throw)
- 2. Tato Otoshi (Body Drop)
- 3. Koshi Gurma (Hip Wheel)
- 4. Satomaki Komi (Outside Drop)
- 5. Akuti Eri Jime (Sliding Lapel Check)
- 6. UdeGarami and Gatani
- 7. Hand Spring
- 8. Counter Techniques and Contests.

Terminology

Ippon Pull Point

Wazzari Almost Ippon Yuko Almost Wazzari Koka Almost Yuku

Shido Note

Chui Chuation Keikoku Warming up

Hikwake Draw Osackomi Holding

Toketa Hold Broken

Newaza Ground Technique

Matte Maitta Wait

Sonamama Don't move Yoshi Start Again



VI. Swimming (Optional)

- 1. Repeat the skills learnt earlier
- 2. Develop the skills of the entire four stroke.
- 3. Simple ways of entry in the water (life/ saving)
- 4. Release from the victim.
- 5. Simple method of carry Head Cross Chest.
- 6. Methods of resuscitation.



ART EDUCATION

There shall be one paper of 100 marks.

(The teacher will evaluate the students throughout the academic session)

1. Two Dimensional or Pictorial Activities.

- (i) Study of visual resources and their expression.
- (ii) Study of line, strokes, marks, tones, textures, etc., While organizing two dimensional spaces with 2 dimensional and 3 dimensional shapes and forms.
- (iii) Creative use of perspective in spatial relationship.
- (iv) Creative use of colour to show space, atmosphere, etc.
- (v) Use of contrast as an expressive element of art.

2. Study and use of various media and techniques to the extent of their availability.

- (i) Crayon, charcoal pencil colours and gouacha, acryline colour and other unconventional source of colours and tools on various surfaces such as papers, canvases, hard- board, simple marking cloth pasted on paper etc.
- (ii) Collage and mosaic work with coloured papers

3. Group Activities

- (i) Organizing display and exhibitions of student's periodical and sessional work.
- (ii) Organizing inter-school art exhibitions (not with a view to competition and prize distribution but with a view to widen interaction).
- (iii) Planning and arranging cultural evenings, musical concerts, film shows and other performances (including other regional and folk community art forms).
- (iv) Participating in study trips to museums, botanical, gardens, zoological gardens, and art galleries and art institution etc. for greater awareness of the environment & cultural varieties.

4. Theoretical understanding of Art

- (i) Short notes with suitable reproductions on important aspects of Indian Art and Culture.
- (ii) Important contemporary Artists and Art movements.

Max Marks=100

Theory=30 & Practicals=70

Time- 2 Hrs

Rationale

- The Fine Arts have appeal to and benefit for all students, regardless of their level of functional capacity.
- The Fine Arts provide a set of tools for creating, for communicating and understanding
 others' ideas, and for making critical choices. This makes art as essential to success in daily
 living as knowing how to read, write and compute.
- Art helps children with the development of motor skills, language skills, social skills, decision-making, risk taking and inventiveness.

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- o Develop the technical skills and ability to organize the visual elements necessary to communicate concepts and experiences across various media.
- Develop visual literacy/ vocabulary.
- o Use variety of processes to connect and combine materials.

Course structure

Practicals = 70 marks

Activities & Project Work = 54 Marks, Periodic Tests, Portfolio, Assignment & Viva Voce = 10 Marks, Notebook & Attendance= 6 Marks

i) Nature Study: Outdoor/On-spot Painting (Any Medium) (18 marks)

A nature painting is a painting that references natural elements such as mountains, trees, or bodies of water. Nature paintings are sometimes referred to as landscape or scenery paintings.

On-spot/outdoor paintings means quite literally 'open-air' or 'outdoor'. It's about drawing from life, outside in the world. You go out and choose a spot and paint directly from the spot.

ii) Craft Practices: Collage (tearing-pasting) / (18 marks)
Calligraphy

A **collage** is a work of art composed of numerous materials, such as paper, newsprint, photographs, ribbons or other objects attached to background support, such as plain paper. A collage can even be made with physical materials or electronic images, attaching them to a digital background.

Modern calligraphy provides with more creative freedom. It can be practiced with a whole variety of different tools, such as –

- Brush pens
- Classic dip pens
- Pencil
- Markers
- Broad nib pens (Parallel Pen)

Beginners can start practicing with a brush pen or a pencil simply because it is much easier to learn how to work with compared to the traditional dip pen.

iii) Story-making: comic strips/Stencil painting (18 marks)



iv) Assignment & other Things

(10 Marks)

v) Notebook & Attendance

(6 Marks)

iv)Field visit to Institute of Music and Fine Arts, University of Kashmir and Jammu, Museum (Jammu and Kashmir), Field visit to Local artisans workshops paper machie, wood carving and pottery, Copper Smith.

Theory:

- Basic Color Theory: Color wheel, Tint, Hue, Tone, Shade, etc.
- Colour Combination (complementary, warm & cool, primary colours, colour theory
- Categorization of art works by subject matter and style.

10 Marks

- Definition of subject matter, motif
- Parameters of Visual Analysis of given painting- Subject matter and motifs depicted in works of art
 5 Marks
- Comic Strip- Definition and uses especially in contemporary times.
- Education, entertainment and storytelling through comic strips
- Elements of a comic strip (Panels/boxes, plot, graphics, gutter, dialogue, caption, colouring)
 10 Marks
- Report Writing / Narrative writing of paintings / visits to local artisans on given situation
 5 Marks

Scheme of Assessment of Theory = 30 marks

- Ten MCQs of 1 mark = 1x10=10 Marks
- Five very short type questions to be attempted out of six= 2x5=10 Marks
- Two long answer type questions to be attempted out of three = 5x2=10 Marks



Music

Maximum marks 100 Time: 2 hrs

Course Objectives

 Music is a universal sound and promotes creative thinking, memory self expression, self confidence and spirit of team work.

- To develop the process of learning and playing techniques of singing and instrument which nurtures mind and body.
- To develop a keen interest in music in order to showcase their musical skills and abilities through singing and playing on an instrument.
- To improve the faculties of memory, discipline and concentration.
- To enable students to acquire and develop a favourable, attitude and knowledge of the basic elementary ideas and fundamentals of music in both practical as well as theoretical aspect.
- To build imagination, creativity and intellectual curiosity.
- To develop sense of identifying and recognizing the different sounds of musical instruments.
- To develop sense and interest of creating different swara patterns in different rhythmic patterns.
- To develop aesthetic taste and enriches the area of composing and artistic expressions.
- To build and develop the awareness and recognition of the local art forms.
- To develop and foster a sense of rhyme, rhythms, feelings, emotions as well as melody.
- To facilitate and promote overall development of the personality of the child.
- To promote interest and motivation for presenting and preserving the traditional and cultural art forms.
- To develop a favourable attitude of understanding and appreciating the valuable contributions of artists in the various forms of music and other arts as well.
- To differentiate between different musical forms and styles like classical folk, regional as well as light music.
- To develop different tastes of presenting a group song/choral song, solo song and duet song.
- To build and fine tunes auditory skills and learns to appreciate music.
- To enable the students to acquire the basic skills and abilities of stage performance and song recordings.
- To encourage students to practice vocal music and express their feelings and emotions.
 Instrumental music strengthens fingers and improves coordination of mind and body.



There shall be one theory paper of 40 marks and 2 hrs duration and Internal Assessment / Practicals of 60 Marks

Theory paper = 40 Marks

| • | Definition | n of Tha | at. | | | | 2 Marks |
|---|------------|----------|-----|--|-------|--|---------|
| | | | | | _ | | |

- Brief description of 10 Thaats used in Indian classical music
 4 Marks
- A brief description of Indian classical Music and its role and importance 4 Marks
- Introduction and concept of Raag
 4 marks
- Defintion of following Musical terms: Jati, Pakad, Vadi, Samvadi, Anuvadi, Aroah, Avroah, Asthai, Antra, Bandish, Chota Khayal and Bada Khayal, Alap, taan, Rasa and Bhava
 6 Marks
- A brief description and presentation of Rag Bhopali and Rag Yaman with two taans and alaaps

8 Marks

- · Description and writing the notation of following prescribed Taalas:-
 - 1) Teen Taal 2) Dadra Taal 3) Keharva Taal 6 Marks
- · A brief life history and contribution of any one of the following Musicians:-
 - 1) Mian Tansen 2) Amir Khusroo 3) Pandit Bhimsen Joshi 6 Marks

Internal Assessment & Practicals = 60 Marks

Activities & Project Work= 44 Marks, Periodic Tests, Portfolio & Viva voce = 10 Marks, Notebook & Attendance= 6 Marks

Raga for practical study:

Chota Khayal in the following ragas along with its Aroah ,Avroah ,Pakad ,alaap, Taans etc.

- 1) Rag Bhopali 2) Rag Yaman
- · Practice and recitation of the following Taalas:-
- 1) Teen Taal 2) Dadra Taal 3) Keharva Taal
- Practice and presentation of the swaras of Thaats:-
- 1) Bilawal Thaat 2) Kalyan Thaat
- · A visit to nearest musical acedemies and institutes .
- Practice and presentation of one folk and one patriotic song.
- A brief description of the following Musical instruments Tanpora & Sitar
- Project work within the practicals or apart from it as assigned by teacher

Scheme of Assessment (Theory)

| 1. MCQs, fill ups, T/F, match, etc. based on the syllabi | 1x10= 10 Marks |
|--|----------------|
| 2. Six VSAT to be attempted out of seven | 2x6=12 Marks |
| 3. Three SAT to be attempted out of four | 4x3= 12 Marks |
| 4. One LAT to be attempted out of three | 6x1 = 6 Marks |

Theory 60 Marks

Practicals/ Internal Assessment 40 Marks

Course Objectives

- Analyze different sources and functions of different nutrients.
- Enable the learner to understand the basic colors.
- Enable the learner to understand the arrangement of furniture and inculcate a sense of aesthetics.
- Link Malnutrition with Human development.
- Differentiate groups of meals.
- Understand meal planning.
- Understand factors that affect meal planning such as "age, medical condition, weather"
- Understand growth development.
- Analyze difference between growth and development
- Understand the concept and importance of play.
- Analyze different types of play.
- Understand the importance of fibre
- Differentiate between various fibers.
- Explore and choose fabric on the basis of occasion and climate.
- Recognize various types of sewing equipment.
- Explore the art of sewing.
- Recognize basic equipment of embroidery.
- Recognize and explore embroidery stitches of J&K.
- Recognize the different standard marks on products for authenticity.
- Identify problems faced by consumers.
- Recognize the malpractices of traders and ways to address them.

UNIT 1: NUTRIENTS & THEIR FUNCTIONS

10 Marks

- Functions and sources of Carbohydrates, Proteins & Fats.
- Importance of Vitamins & their sources
- Water-soluble Vitamin- B complex &
- Vitamin C, Fat-soluble Vitamins- A and D.
- Malnutrition and its effects on Human Development.
- Balanced Diet
- Deficiency Diseases

UNIT 2: MEAL PLANNING

6 Marks

- Basic five groups and their nutritional contribution to the diet.
- Concept of Meal planning

• Factors affecting Meal planning—age, sex, climate, occupation, availability of food, cost of food items, family strength and traditions, likes and dislikes, etc.

UNIT 3: HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

10 Marks

- Concept of growth and development
- Difference between growth and development
- Adolescence (Definition, development and characteristics)
- Puberty- features, delayed puberty
- Adolescent issues, anger, competition, peer pressure, etc.
- · Problems related to adolescence
- · Eating disorders, substance abuse, issues related to sex, antisocial behaviour

UNIT 4: PLAY 8 Marks

- Meaning and role of play in growth and development
- Types of play Active and Passive, Natural, Serious and Exploratory
- Childhood Milestones—Physical, motor, social, emotional, cognitive and language

UNIT 5: FABRICS 7 Marks

- · Definition of fibre & fabric.
- · Classification of fibres on the basis of their origin
- Selection of fabric based on climate, and occasion
- · Storage of cotton, silk, wool, synthetics
- · Readymade garments- selection, need, care-label
- Stain removal

UNIT 6: SEWING EQUIPMENT

7 Marks

- Lists of sewing equipment
- · Art of a sewing machine
- Basic embroidery equipment
- Traditional embroidery stitches of J&K.

UNIT 7: Designing

5 Marks

- Concept of color wheel
- · Arrangement of furniture in different rooms Bedroom, Drawing room, Dining room

UNIT 8: CONSUMER EDUCATION

7 Marks

- · Rights and responsibility of consumers
- Food safety standard FSSAI (2006)
- Problems faced by consumers Malpractices of traders (adulteration, faulty weights, measures)
- · Harmful Effects of adulterated food



Scheme of Assessment

1. Reading comprehension based on any of the thematic concepts delineated in the syllabus followed by MCQs based on comprehension, knowledge, inference, analysis etc. $1 \times 6 = 6$ Marks

| 2. 15 MCQs based on the unit | prescribed in syllabus | $1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$ |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|

| 3. Match the following | $\frac{1}{2}$ x 4 = 2 Marks |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 4. Fill ups | $\frac{1}{2}$ x 6= 3 Marks |
| 5. Six very short answer type questions to be attempted out of seven. | $2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ Marks}$ |
| 6. Four short answer type questions to be attempted out of five | $4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ Marks}$ |
| 7. One LAT to be attempted out of three | 6x1 = 6 Marks |

Note: Questions will not be repeated on the same theme/concept

PRACTICAL/ Internal Assessment

40 Marks

Activities & Project Work= 24 Marks, Periodic Tests, Portfolio & Viva voce = 10 Marks, Notebook & Attendance= 6 Marks

- Calculate BMI of yourself and your family members and repare a balanced meal for yourself and the family
- Write a report on any one of the deficiency diseases
- · Make a PPT or a video on any of the deficiency diseases
- Make a PPT on adolescence related issues
- Make a chart depicting your positive and negative points
- Write a brief paragraph on anger management and peer pressure
- Do a case study of eating disorder/ substance abuse/ antisocial behaviour, etc.
- Field visit to local primary health centres and institutions like IMHANS, K/J, CGWC and prepare a brief report about the issues faced by adolescents
- · Prepare play equipment out of locally available material
- Decorations using rangoli-patterns
- · Diagram of color wheel
- Compare and contrast one ready made and one tailor made garment
- · Prepare a care label for a readymade garment according to its fabric and designs
- Remove stains from white cotton fabric: curry, grease, ink, tea, food, etc.
- · Draw and label a neat diagram of sewing machine and its parts
- Prepare a collage of samples of embroidery stitches and paste it on your scrap book
- Prepare a collage/ PPT/ video of samples of embroidery stitches
- Write a report on any five malpractices you have observed in the market and write your responsibilities as a consumer in each context
- Prepare a poster to create awareness on consumer education
- · Project work within the activities or apart from it as assigned by the teacher



Course Objectives

Art & Drawing (10th) Max Marks= 100, Theory=30 & Practicals=70

- Develop visual literacy/ vocabulary.
- Develop the technical skills and ability to organize the visual elements necessary to communicate concepts and experiences using various media.
- Use different processes to combine materials.
- Helps to develop Fine Motor Skills as the students learn to control their finger grip and movement.
- Helps establish concentration. Drawing results in recollection of memory and information.
- Improves Hand-Eye Coordination.
- Create illustrations for a story or an article to produce realistic and beautiful drawings.
- Understand one's culture and history through drawing as art is the physical representation of
 a cultures views, beliefs and practices. It reflects the essences of the people through their
 drawing, painting, carving, body adornment and folklore.
- Art can help one to understand a culture that may otherwise be hard to relate to, since it reaches people on a basic emotional level.
- Art can also vary greatly between cultures, it can at the same time be a medium that bridges the gap between cultures.

Practicals:

Activities & Project Work = 54 Marks, Periodic Tests, Portfolio, Assignment & Viva Voce = 10 Marks, Notebook & Attendance= 6 Marks

1. Design and Colour design. (18 marks)

- **1.1** Principles of ornament naturalistic, conventional, abstract arrangement of the forms and details, compressing, repetition, alternation, symmetry, radiation, balance proportion, variety, rhythm, contrast, fitness, and utility ornamental filling of given spaces.
- 1.2 Repeat all over pattern, border designs, angle and elbows.
- **1.3** Centre Chands and corners, tracing and transferring of design suitable embroidery, Carpentry, Namda making, Gabba, and Hook work, Wall decoration and Stencilling.

2. Geometrical Designs, Solid Geometrical Drawing and Scale Drawing (18 marks)

2.1 Banded design based on geometrical forms, all over geometrical patterns, designs suitable for sealing covers such as Khatamband, Bandircom, Chargola, Latic, designs (woollen pingraz) based on geometrical form such as stars, lyzones etc.

Medium to be used: Water-colour, Pastel colours.

2.2 Drawing from cube, prism, cone, pyramid, cylinder in different angles showing deviation and plan according to scale.



2.3 Preparation of simple scale and diagonal scales, drawing from simple carpentery artices showing plan, side elevations such as paper trays, teapots, sitting garden benches, stool, chairs etc.

3. Three Dimensional or Sculptural Drawings: (18 marks)

- **3.1** Study of Basic forms in three dimensions in Pencil and charcoal.
- **3.2** Study of various mediums, tools and techniques for three dimensional drawings.
- i) Study of natural man-made forms, human figures, birds, animals, vegetation and other objects asdesired by the students.
- ii) Drawings of objects of day-to-day use in group and in different setting and arrangements.
- iii) Architectural forms and other forms discovered by the students.

3. Assignment & Other things= (10 marks)

- **3.1** Assignment in two and three dimensional subjective forms utilization and functional art anderaft forms
- **3.2** Painting murals, poster designing and illustrations.
- **3.3** Drawing from memory.
- 4. Notebook & Attendance= (6 Marks)

5. Theory (30 marks)

- Parameters of Visual Analysis of given painting- Subject matter and motifs depicted in worksof art. (6 Marks)
- Introduction to Thangka Painting of Ladakh. (6 Marks)
- Life and works of Indian artists:
 - 1. Rabindranath Tagore
 - 2. S.H. Raza
 - 3. Amrita Shergil (6Marks)
- Basohli school of painting. (Introduction & Significance) (6 Marks)
- 14th century Indo-Islamic Architecture of Kashmir (Introduction & Significance) (6 Marks)

Scheme of Assessment of Theory = 30 marks

- Ten MCQs of 1 mark = $1 \times 10 = 10$ Marks
- Five very short type questions to be attempted out of six= 2x5=10 Marks
- Two long answer type questions to be attempted out of three = 5x2=10 Marks

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